Second Quarter of FY16

Earnings Presentation Material

(November 17, 2016)

* This document has been translated from the Japanese original, for reference purposes only. If there is any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.



Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd. http://www.tokyo-airport-bldg.co.jp/

Earnings Presentation Material Second Quarter of FY16 (FY16 2Q)

1. FY16 2Q Consolidated Summary	
(1) Business Environment	P2
(2) Consolidated Financial Results	P3
2. Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16	
(1) Business Environment	Ρ4
(2) Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16	P5
(3) Forecast of Operating Revenues by Segment	P6
3. Progress under the Medium-term Business Plan	
(1) Business strategy trajectory	P7
(2) Expand Business Domains that Leverage Strengths and Diversify Earnings	P9
(3) Redevelop Earnings Base and Establish Competitive Position	P10
(4) Pursue 'Vision' for Haneda Airport	P12
Reference (Destination cities of international flights)	P14



Supplementary Material

1. Details of Consolidated Financial Results for FY16 2Q	
(1) Changes in passenger volume (Haneda, Narita and Kansai)	P16
(2) Consolidated financial results for FY16 2Q	P17
(3) Financial results by segmenti) Facilities management	P18
ii) Merchandise sales	P19
iii) Food and beverage	P20
(4) Breakdown of selling, general and administrative expenses	P21
(5) Changes in non-operating income/expenses and extraordinary income/loss	P22
(6) Consolidated balance sheets	P23
(7) Consolidated statements of cash flows	P24
(8) Capital expenditure and depreciation expenses	P25
[Reference] Purchasing Trends of Non-Japanese Passengers by Nationality	P26
2. Details of Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16	
(1) Consolidated financial forecast for FY16	P28
(2) Financial forecast by segmenti) Facilities management	P29
ii) Merchandise sales	P30
iii) Food and beverage	P31
3. Other Information	

3. Other Information

(1) Capital expenditure and depreciation expenses	P32
(2) Changes in operating revenues, ordinary income and cash flo	ws P33

Reference Material

1.	Outline	of the	Company
----	---------	--------	---------

(1) Company History	P36
(2) The Group's Business Expansion	P37
(3) Group Companies (17 companies)	P38
(4) Composition of the Group Businesses	
(consolidated, by segment/results for FY16 2Q)	P39
(5) Revenue Composition (consolidated, by segment)	P40
(6) Sales by Region and Segment (non-consolidated)	P41
(7) Facilities of Tokyo International Airport (investment plan)	P42
2. Efforts Related to the Tokyo International Airport Re-expansion Project	1
(1) Re-expansion Project of Tokyo International Airport	P43
(2) Founding and Present State of the Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation	P44
(3) Overview of the Tokyo International Terminal Building	P45
(4) Changes in Passenger Volume on Domestic and International Fligh (Haneda and Narita)	hts P46

Earnings Presentation Material Second Quarter of FY16 (FY16 2Q)

- 1. FY16 2Q Consolidated Summary
- 2. Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16
- 3. Progress under the Medium-term Business Plan
 - (1) Business strategy trajectory
 - (2) Expand Business Domains that Leverage Strengths and Diversify Earnings
 - (3) Redevelop Earnings Base and Establish Competitive Position
 - (4) Pursue 'Vision' for Haneda Airport

Reference (Destination cities of international flights)

1. FY16 2Q Consolidated Summary

(1) Business Environment

Steady growth in passenger volume for non-Japanese visitors, centered on Haneda International flights; changes in consumption trends for visitors from China (dramatic decline in shopping sprees)

Business Environment	 Increase in passenger volume in line with growth in inbound travel Decline in per capita purchasing for inbound travelers Persistence of a strong yen (against yuan market up 22% compared with 1H of FY15)
Number of Passengers (YoY comparison)	 Haneda domestic flights up 3.2% year on year, despite the impact of canceled flights due to the Kumamoto earthquake and August typhoons Haneda international flights up 20.1% year on year, reflecting expansion in inbound travel from Asia, particularly year-on- year growth in flights to and from China Number of passengers at Narita rose 3.8% year on year, mainly from increased flights from low-cost carriers (LCCs) and expansion in inbound travel demand to Japan Number of passengers for Kansai international flights increased 13.1% year on year, primarily atop growth in LCC flights mainly to and from Asia

First-half passenger volumes (YoY comparison)

	First-	half passenger vo	Initial forecasts			
Airport	FY16 (ten thousands)	FY15 (ten thousands)	Rate of change (%)	Rate of change (%)	Difference (P)	
Haneda – Domestic	3,229	3,128	3.2	1.2	2.0	
Haneda – International	757	630	20.1	17.6	2.5	
Total Haneda	3,987	3,759	6.1	3.9	2.2	
Narita	1,636	1,576	3.8	3.8	-	
Kansai	949	839	13.1	10.2	2.9	

1. FY16 2Q Consolidated Summary

(2) Consolidated Financial Results

Fall in per-unit purchases at international terminal stores; lower sales and earnings from missed targets in the urban duty-free store business

 \bigcirc Differences from previous fiscal year results

Main Factors Behind Changes

- Drastic decline in sales, in contrast to stellar performance in international terminal store sales and wholesale sales in the previous year
- > Sales growth in facility management operations, reflecting increased leasing to airline companies and growth in commissioned management fees accompanying remodeling work at the Haneda International Terminal
- >Growth in food and beverage sales, reflecting an increase in new airline catering customers and more flights O Differences from initial forecasts
 - > Lower sales and operating income, resulting from weaker sales at urban duty-free stores and brand boutique stores at Narita and Kansai airports

Consolidated financial results for FY16 1H

Note: Figures shown are rounded down to the nearest 100 million yen. (Billions of yen)

Items		1H Results	LY Results	Change amount	Rate of change (%)	Initial forecasts *1	Difference
Operating revenues		998	1,000	-2	-0.2	1,074	-75
	(Facilities management)	(266)	(250)	16	6.7	(262)	(4)
	(Merchandise sales)	(637)	(664)	-27	-4.2	(721)	(-83)
	(Food and beverage)	(94)	(85)	8	10.1	(91)	(3)
Operating income		44	65	-21	-32.1	63	-18
Ordinary income		62	77	-14	-19.3	78	-15
N	et income	42	52	-9	-18.6	56	-13

*1 Financial forecast announced in May 2016

2. Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16

(1) Business Environment

Declines in merchandise sales per customer continued, despite growth in Haneda international flights to and from the U.S., and a projected ongoing increase in inbound travelers

Business Environment	 > Growth in Haneda international flights to and from the U.S. is expected to drive merchandise sales growth on international flights > In contrast, as passengers from China move from consumption of goods to services, sales initiatives must be enhanced in response to this trend
Number of Passengers (YoY comparison)	 > Haneda domestic flights up 2.0% year on year > Haneda international flights up 15.4% year on year, from anticipated growth in flights to and from the U.S. > Narita up 4.0%, in line with initial projections > Kansai Airport up 11.3% year on year, mainly on anticipated growth in LCC flights

The number of passengers forecast for FY16 (YoY comparison)

Airport	FY16 1H (%)	FY16 2H (%)		FY16 (%)	Full-year forecasts (%)	Difference (P)	Revised forecast (10,000 people)
Haneda – Domestic	3.2	0.7	(0.7)	2.0	1.0	1.0	6,379
Haneda – International	20.1	11.1	(10.7)	15.4	14.0	1.4	1,549
Total Haneda	6.1	2.7	(2.6)	4.3	3.2	1.1	7,928
Narita	3.8	4.2	(4.2)	4.0	4.0	-	3,230
Kansai	13.1	9.6	(8.7)	11.3	9.5	1.8	1,922

* Figures in () are initial forecasts

2. Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16

(2) Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16

Decline in merchandise sales tracking changes in purchasing trends. On the other hand, steady progress on measures concerning vacant space in facility management operations helped limit the extend of decline in sales

Main Factors Behind Changes	 > Per-unit purchasing continues to decline among non-Japanese visitors > Downward revision of sales targets for urban duty-free stores (Japan Duty Free GINZA) > Weaker sales mainly among passengers from China at directly managed duty-free stores at Narita and Kansai airports
Main Initiatives	 Improved facilities management segment earnings via measures to utilize vacant space Cost reductions (centralized procurement, etc.)

Financial forecast for FY16

Note: Figures shown are rounded down to the nearest 100 million yen. (Billions of yen)

¥36.0

26.3%

112 118 248

	FY16 1H		FY16 2H			FY16			Previous fiscal year		
Items	Results	Initial forecasts	Change	Revised forecasts	Initial forecasts	Change	Revised forecasts (*2)	Initial fore casts	Change	results (FY15)	Change
Operating revenues	998	1.074	-76	1,030	1,135	-104	2,029	2,210	-181	2,041	-12
oporating foronado	(1,000)	1,071	10	(1,040)	1,100	101	(2,041)	2,210	101	2,011	
Operating income	44	63	-19	43	65	-22	88	129	-41	113	-24
Operating income	(65)	05	-19	(47)	00	-22	(113)	129	-41	113	-24
(Operating income ratio)	4.4%	5.9%	-1.5 P	4.3%	5.8%	-1.5 P	4.3%	5.8%	-1.5 P	5.5%	-1.2 P
	62	78	-16	51	77	-26	114	156	-42	136	-22
Ordinary income	(77)	70	-10	(59)	11	-20	(136)	150	-42	130	-22
Net income	42	56	-13	29	54	-25	72	111	-39	88	-16
Net income	(52)	00	-13	(35)	54	-25	(88)	111	-39	00	-10
*1 Figures in () are results for	or the provieus	fa a al									

*1 Figures in () are results for the previous fiscal year

Annual dividend	¥16.0	¥18.0
Payout ratio	31.0%	26.1%

¥16.0	¥18.0		¥32.0				
			36.1%				
	Capital expenditures						
	Depreciation	n expenses	116				
	EBL	ГDA	204				

¥33.0	
30.2%	

*2 Revised financial forecast announced in November 2016

2. Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16

(3) Forecast of Operating Revenues by Segment

			FY16	FY16					Previous
ltems	Revised forecasts	Initial forecasts	Change	Rate of change (%)	Revised forecasts *1 composition ratio (%)	fiscal year results (FY15)	Change	Rate of change (%)	fiscal year results *1 composition ratio (%)
Facilities management									
Rent revenue	131	130	1	0.8	(24.0)	129	1	1.6	(24.4)
Facility user charges revenue	180	180	-	-	(33.0)	178	1	0.8	(33.8)
Other revenues * 2	234	224	10	4.5	(42.9)	221	12	5.7	(41.8)
Total	545	534	11	2.1	26.9	528	16	3.1	25.9
Intersegment sales, etc.	19	19	-	-		20	-1	-5.3	
Total operating revenue	564	553	11	2.0		548	15	2.8	
Merchandise sales									
Sales at domestic terminal stores	336	340	-4	-1.2	(25.9)	334	1	0.5	(25.0)
Sales at international terminal stores	319	460	-141	-30.7	(24.6)	351	-32	-9.2	(26.3)
Other revenues * 2	643	694	-51	-7.3	(49.5)	651	-8	-1.3	(48.7)
Total	1,298	1,494	-196	-13.1	64.0	1,337	-39	-2.9	65.5
Intersegment sales, etc.	7	7	-	-		7	-0	-7.1	
Total operating revenue	1,305	1,501	-196	-13.1		1,344	-397	-3.0	
Food and beverage									
Sales from restaurants	97	96	1	1.0	(52.2)	95	1	1.6	(54.5)
Sales from in-flight meals	62	62	-	-	(33.3)	56	5	9.0	(32.4)
Other revenues * 2	27	24	3	12.5	(14.5)	23	3	17.4	(13.1)
Total	186	182	4	2.2	9.2	175	10	6.1	8.6
Intersegment sales, etc.	25	25	-	-		25	-0	-1.1	
Total operating revenue	211	207	4	1.9		200	10	5.2	

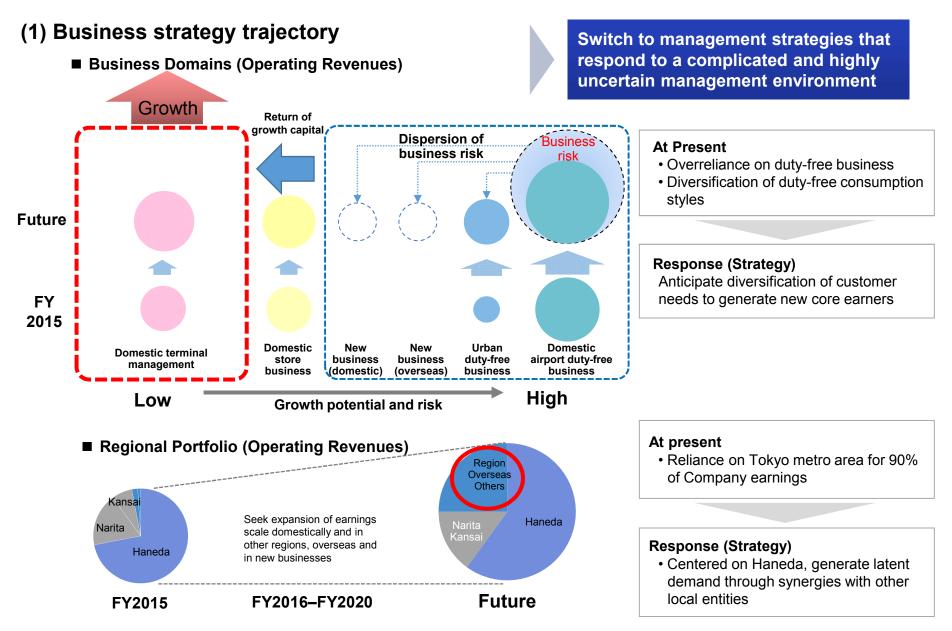
*1 Figures inside the parentheses represent the composition ratio within each segment (excluding sales amount within the segment).

*2 Main items of "other revenues" for each segment

• Facilities management: Income from contract work to manage facility maintenance, income from hotel business, income from advertising and lounges, income from parking lots, etc.

• Merchandise sales (TIAT duty-free stores, other duty-free stores), etc.

· Food and beverage: Income from contract work to run TIAT restaurants, income from catering airline lounges, etc.



Current Initiatives

"To be a World Best Airport 2020"

"Create business and earnings opportunities in pursuit of our 'Vision' for Haneda Airport and redevelop earnings base by staking out a competitive position"

Three Core Strategies								
Expand Business Domains that Leverage Strengths and Diversify Earnings	Pursue 'Vision' for Haneda Airport	Redevelop Earnings Base and Establish Competitive Position						
 Full-year running for urban duty-free stores Participate in bids for domestic and overseas airport operation rights Development of joint business (Air BIC) with BIC CAMERA Overseas airport consulting 	 Promotion of domestic/international shared use terminal plan (T2 internationalization) Airport lounge renovation Acquire SKYTRAX 5 Star rating for third consecutive year Develop and adopt robotics and other cutting-edge technologies 	 Review the merchandise sales business earnings structure Launch business mall development Reduce fixed costs Streamline and review unprofitable operations 						
 Overseas an port consuming (Beijing Airport) External sale of duty-free system 	 Prepare environment welcoming to non-Japanese visitors (luxury toilets) Commercialize the ground handling business 	Redevelop commercial facilitiesBuild the airport logistics business						

Foundation for Implementation

Realignment and Enhancement of Organization, Human Capital and Governance

 Operational reform and slimmer organization
 Bottom-up training and value creation circles
 More reference

More robust dialogue with investors

(2) Expand Business Domains that Leverage Strengths and Diversify Earnings

- Urban Duty-free Stores: Status and Issues -

■ Environmental changes in the urban duty-free store business

- Passengers from China: Changes in purchasing trends for a key customer segment (from consumption of goods to services)
- Exchange rates characterized by a strong yen
- Tighter domestic restrictions on bringing goods to China, higher customs duties

Status and issues for urban duty-free stores (JDF GINZA)

	1H results	2H forecasts	Total	Forecasts	Vs. forecasts	
Operating revenues (billion yen)	2.2	2.1	4.4	13.3	-8.8	
Operating income (billion yen)	-0.9	-1.0	-2.0	0.0	-2.0	
Per-unit purchases (Thousand yen)	33	33	33	31	2	
No. of purchasing customers (people/day)	390	390	390	1,190	-800	,

Lower spending on purchases per person

- Major shortfall in purchasing passengers 1/3 of initial plans
 - * However, per-unit purchases were slightly higher than expected
- Shortfall in sales from Japanese passengers due to insufficient information – fall in share from 20% to 10%
- Lack of brand items matching purchasing preferences

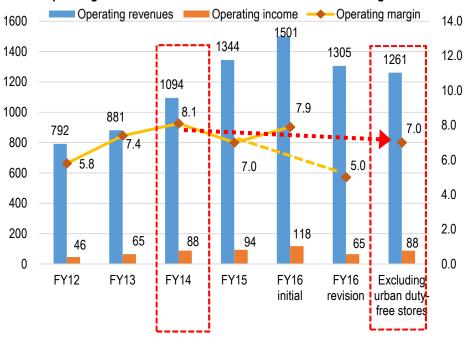
■ Measures underway

- Attract inbound passengers: Individual traveler shuttle agreements with local travel agencies; tie-up with China Union Pay Card
- Raising awareness among Japanese customers: Development of advertisements, tie-ups with travel agencies
- Review of product composition
- Expansion of delivery airports, etc.
- Retain focus on improving JDF GINZA store profitability, while examining bottom-up improvement measures throughout the fiscal year
- Currently examining timing, content and other elements for opening of second store

(3) Redevelop Earnings Base and Establish Competitive Position

① Merchandise Sales Segment: Status and Issues

- Status of Merchandise Sales Segment
- Profit and profit ratio below FY14 and FY15, impacted by urban duty-free store earnings from the current fiscal year
- Excluding the urban duty-free store business, estimated earnings include operating income of ¥8.8 billion and operating income ratio of 7.0%
- While operating revenues are higher compared to FY14, prior to the appearance of "shopping sprees," the operating income ratio is lower.



Operating Income Ratio Trends for the Merchandise Sales Segment

Merchandise Sales Segment: Status and Issues

Higher cost ratio due to changes in the comparative composition of directly managed stores and wholesale
Increase in fixed costs

Planned countermeasures

- Improve inventory turnover
- Reduce logistics cost
- Streamline and review unprofitable operations
- Strengthen steps to improve operating income ratio
 ⇒Further expand profit contribution of the Merchandise Sales Segment

(3) Redevelop Earnings Base and Establish Competitive Position

② Business mall development (3,000 m²)

Business environment

- Users by segment: Business use accounts for 60%
- Users more than 10 times annually: Over 50% of travelers
- Users more than 3 times annually: Over 90% of travelers

Development target

· Business frequent users

Concept

- Making Haneda ideal = Rebuild "Innovativeness and Influence"
- · Create interaction and synergy at Haneda leveraging its hub functionality
- · Provide services one rank above those presently lacking at Haneda
- Develop airport-style MICE

🛡 <mark>Ѕ</mark>снооц

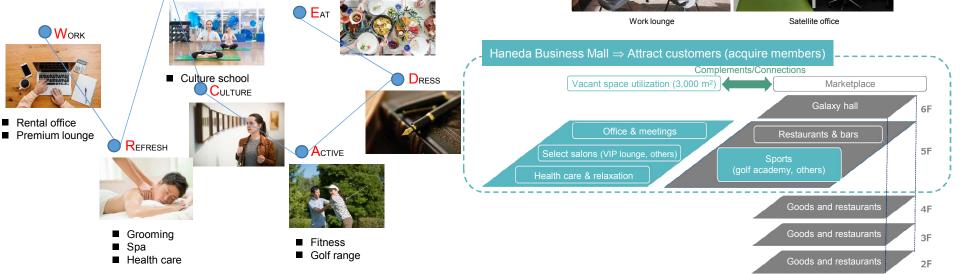
Rental office (500 m²) Scheduled opening in FY16



Reservable conference room

Side-by-side booths





(4) Pursue 'Vision' for Haneda Airport

① Terminal building upgrade accompanying Haneda Airport's enhanced functionality

Location map



Source: "Civil Aviation Bureau Budgetary Request Summary for Fiscal 2017," Civil Aviation Bureau, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (Japan)

Schedule

- Aug. 29, 2016 Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism (MLIT) announcement
- Oct. 14, 2016 Changed terms of PFI agreement between MLIT and TIAT
- Late March 2017 Conclude facility and equipment designs. Order construction work Late March 2020 Begin facility sharing

Details

Upgrade target	International flights terminal	Domestic flights terminal 2	Embarkation facility for domestic flights
Placement position	International flights Terminal	Terminal 2 south side	Domestic eastern freight zone
Upgrade specifics	 Addition of 2 new spots Expansion of check-in counters and carryon luggage storage site 	 Placements in 7 spots (2 exclusive, 5 shared) for international flights ClQ facility, duty-free store and other new additions 	Placement of domestic flight embarkation facility with 6 spots
Facility maintainer	TIAT	JAT	JAT
Facility user	TIAT	TIAT Japanese Government (CIQ portion)	JAT
Business application	For international travelers	For international travelers	For domestic travelers
Commissioned operations	Facility management Store management	Facility management Store management	(Directly managed)

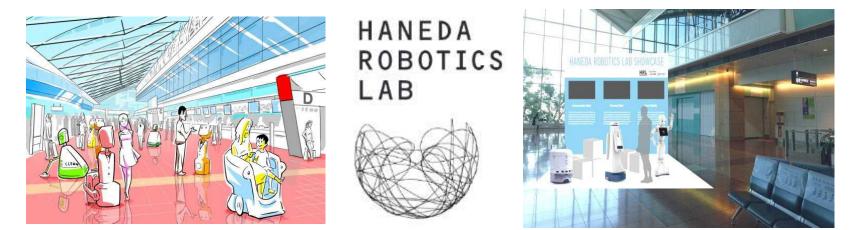
TIAT: Tokyo International Airport Terminal Corporation

■ Serves as connection point for 49 domestic and 31 global cities

- 1. Benefits from strengthening function as intl./domestic, domestic/intl. hub
 - Economic benefits ripple out to region, reinvigorating local airport
 - Promotion of outbound travel
- 2. Evaluation and improvement of connecting flight convenience (domestic/intl.: intl./domestic)
 - Haneda (70:80), Narita (45:75), Kansai (55:60), Chubu (60:60)

(4) Pursue 'Vision' for Haneda Airport

② Development/adoption of robotics and other cutting-edge technologies

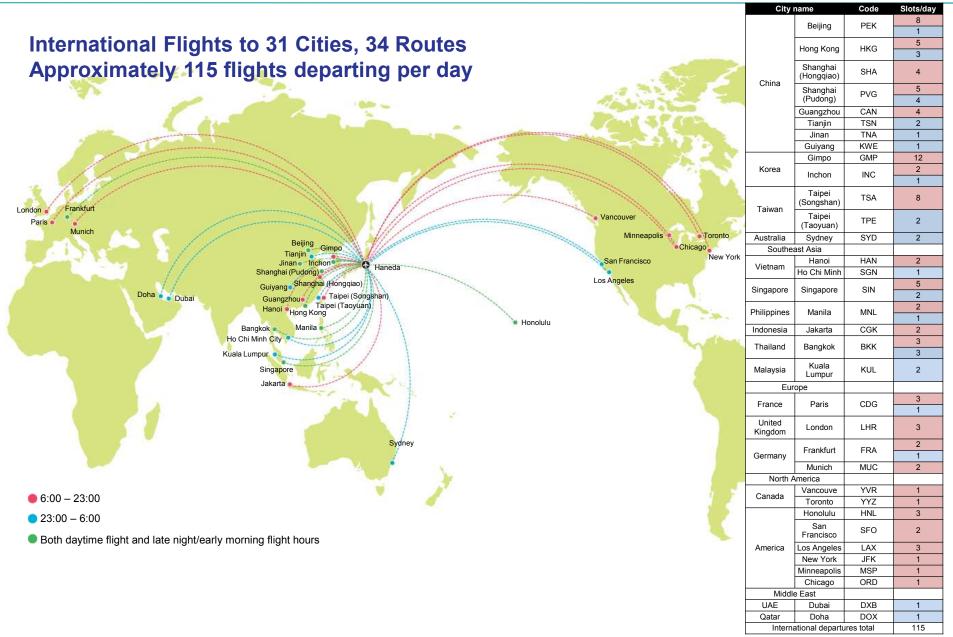


③ Acquire 5 Star international airport ranking conducted by SKYTRAX for a third consecutive year



For both domestic and international flights, we made customer-oriented improvements and sought to deliver services that set Haneda apart. Along with the installation of new facilities, these efforts included the promotion of hospitality-driven customer service activities. As a result, Haneda Airport scored higher marks than ever in a variety of areas, among them airport cleanliness, maintenance and upkeep, and staff service level.

Reference (Destination cities of international flights)



(As of November 2016)

Second Quarter of FY16

Supplementary Material

1. Details of Consolidated Financial Results for FY16 2Q

2. Details of Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY16

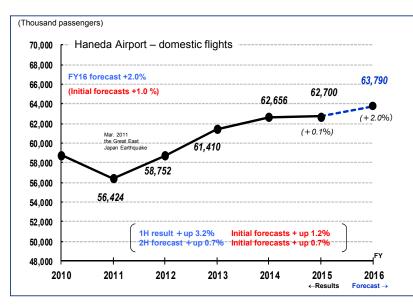
3. Other Information

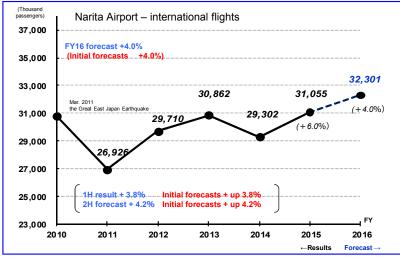
* This document has been translated from the Japanese original, for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

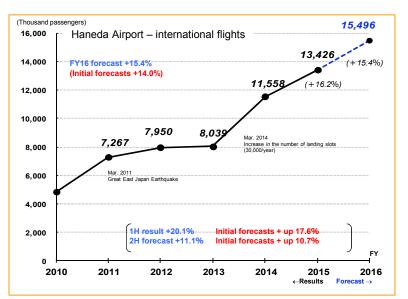


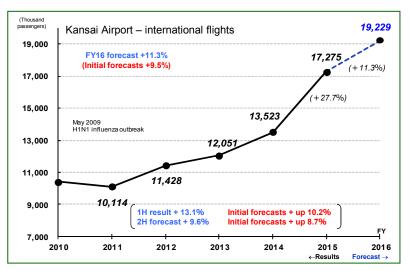
Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd. http://www.tokyo-airport-bldg.co.jp/

(1) Changes in passenger volume (Haneda, Narita and Kansai)









Passenger volume

Results: Figures published by Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, Narita International Airport Corporation and Kansai International Airport Co., Ltd. Forecast: Created by the Company

(2) Consolidated financial results for FY16 2Q

Items	FY16 2Q (Results)		FY15 2Q (Results)		Change	Rate of change	Initial forecas (May 2016)		Difference
		Ratio		Ratio		onango		Ratio	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
Operating revenues	99,840	100.0	100,080	100.0	-240	-0.2	107,400	100.0	-7,559
Facilities management	26,698	26.8	25,027	25.0	1,670	6.7	26,200	24.4	498
Merchandise sales	63,721	63.8	66,498	66.4	-2,777	-4.2	72,100	67.1	-8,378
Food and beverage	9,420	9.4	8,554	8.6	866	10.1	9,100	8.5	320
Cost of sales	53,051	53.1	54,469	54.4	-1,418	-2.6	58,200	54.2	-5,148
Cost of sales of merchandise	47,738	47.8	49,415	49.4	-1,677	-3.4	52,900	49.3	-5,161
(Ratio)	(74.9%)		(74.3%)		(0.6P)		(73.4%)		(1.5P)
Cost of sales of food and beverage	5,312	5.3	5,053	5.0	259	5.1	5,300	4.9	12
(Ratio)	(56.4%)		(59.1%)		(-2.7P)		(58.2%)		(-1.8P)
Gross profit	46,789	46.9	45,611	45.6	1,177	2.6	49,200	45.8	-2,410
Selling, general and administrative expenses	42,324	42.4	39,033	39.0	3,291	8.4	42,900	39.9	-575
Operating income	4,464	4.5	6,578	6.6	-2,113	-32.1	6,300	5.9	-1,835
Non-operating income/loss	1,772	1.7	1,151	1.1	620	53.9	1,500	1.4	272
Ordinary income	6,237	6.2	7,729	7.7	-1,492	-19.3	7,800	7.3	-1,562
Extraordinary income/loss	0	-	-4	-	3	-	-	-	0
Net income	4,296	4.3	5,277	5.3	-980	-18.6	5,600	5.2	-1,303

* Ratio: Cost of sales of merchandise / Operating revenues of merchandise Ratio: Cost of sales of food and beverage / Operating revenues of food and beverage

- (3) Financial results by segment
 - (i) Facilities management

Items	FY16 2 (Result		FY15 2 (Resul		Change	Rate of change	Initial for (May 20		Difference
		Ratio		Ratio		change		Ratio	
Sales to external customers	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
Rent revenues	6,494	23.5	6,441	24.8	52	0.8	6,500	23.9	-5
Facility user charges revenues	9,009	32.6	8,899	34.3	110	1.2	9,000	33.1	9
Other revenues	11,193	40.6	9,686	37.3	1,507	15.6	10,700	39.3	493
Subtotal	26,698	96.7	25,027	96.4	1,670	6.7	26,200	96.3	498
Intersegment sales, etc.	921	3.3	934	3.6	-12	-1.3	1,000	3.7	-78
Total	27,619	100.0	25,961	100.0	1,658	6.4	27,200	100.0	419
Operating expenses	24,270	87.9	22,680	87.4	1,589	7.0	24,100	88.6	170
Operating income	3,349	12.1	3,280	12.6	68	2.1	3,100	11.4	249
(Ratio)	(12.1%)		(12.6%)		(-0.5P)		(11.4%)		(0.7P)

Other revenues:	Increase in commissioned facility revenues for Haneda international flights Increase in advertising revenue	+¥0.7 billion +¥0.2 billion
		++0.2 DIIII011
	Increase in subcontracted work revenues	+¥0.2 billion
	Increase in hotel revenues	+¥0.1 billion
	Passenger handling revenues, others	

(3) Financial results by segment(ii) Merchandise sale

Items	FY16 2 (Result		FY15 (Resu		Change	Rate of change	Initial for (May 20		Difference
		Ratio		Ratio		onango		Ratio	
Sales to external customers	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
Domestic terminal stores	16,786	26.2	16,745	25.0	41	0.2	16,900	23.3	-113
International terminal stores	16,294	25.4	18,222	27.3	-1,928	-10.6	21,700	30.0	-5,405
Other sales	30,641	47.8	31,530	47.2	-889	-2.8	33,500	46.3	-2,858
Subtotal	63,721	99.4	66,498	99.5	-2,777	-4.2	72,100	99.6	-8,378
Intersegment sales, etc.	391	0.6	347	0.5	44	12.8	300	0.4	91
Total	64,113	100.0	66,846	100.0	-2,732	-4.1	72,400	100.0	-8,286
Operating expenses	60,803	94.8	61,322	91.7	-519	-0.8	66,900	92.4	-6,096
Operating income	3,310	5.2	5,523	8.3	-2,213	-40.1	5,500	7.6	-2,189
(Ratio)	(5.2%)		(8.3%)		(-3.1P)		(7.6%)		(-2.4P)

 International terminal stores: 	Increase in sales of directly managed stores at Haneda international terminal	+¥0.3 billion
	Decrease in sales of directly managed stores at Narita Airport	-¥1.8 billion
	Decrease in sales of boutique store at Kansai Airport	-¥2.6 billion
	Increase in sales accompanying start of urban duty-free stores operations	+¥2.2 billion
Others:	Increase in wholesale sales to Haneda international flights, regional airports, etc.	+¥1.7 billion
	Decrease in wholesale sales to Narita Airport	-¥2.6 billion

(3) Financial results by segment (iii) Food and beverage

Items	FY16 2 (Result		FY15 : (Resul		Change	Rate of (May 2016)		(May 2016)		
		Ratio		Ratio		onange		Ratio		
Sales to external customers	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	
Sales from restaurants	4,892	45.7	4,812	48.9	80	1.7	4,800	46.2	92	
Sales from in-flight meals	3,168	29.6	2,668	27.1	500	18.7	3,100	29.8	68	
Other sales	1,360	12.7	1,074	11.0	285	26.6	1,200	11.5	160	
Subtotal	9,420	88.0	8,554	87.0	866	10.1	9,100	87.5	320	
Intersegment sales, etc.	1,280	12.0	1,282	13.0	-1	-0.1	1,300	12.5	-19	
Total	10,701	100.0	9,837	100.0	864	8.8	10,400	100.0	301	
Operating expenses	10,331	96.5	9,537	97.0	793	8.3	10,100	97.1	231	
Operating income	370	3.5	299	3.0	70	23.6	300	2.9	70	
(Ratio)	(3.5%)		(3.0%)		(0.5P)		(2.9%)		(0.6P)	

• Sales from In-flight meal: Increase in sales of new customer contracts

• Other sales:

+¥0.5 billion Increase in commissioned facility management revenues for Haneda international flight stores +¥0.2 billion

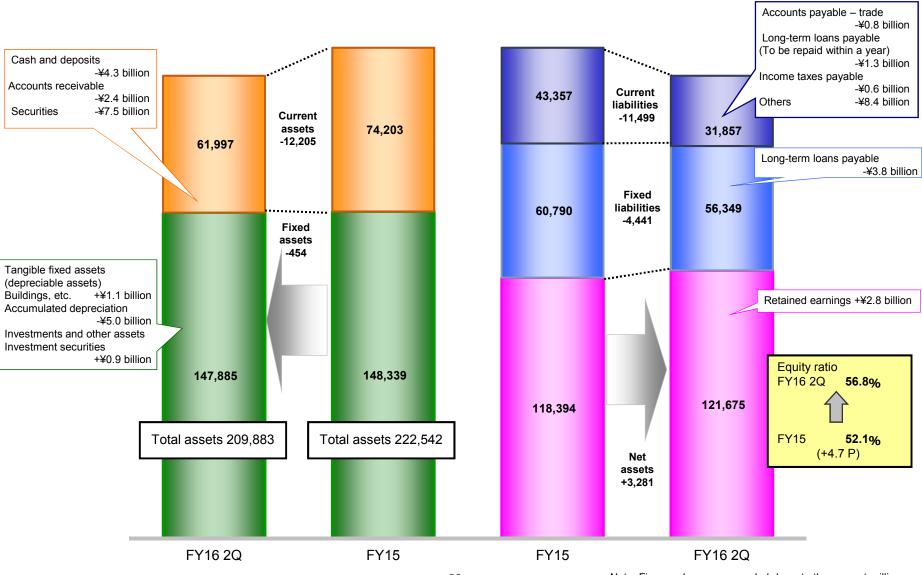
(4) Breakdown of selling, general and administrative expenses

Items	FY16 2 (Result		FY15 (Resu		Change	Rate of change
		Ratio		Ratio		
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
Operating revenues	99,840	100.0	100,080	100.0	-240	-0.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses	42,324	42.4	39,033	39.0	3,291	8.4
Salaries and wages	4,334	4.3	3,984	4.0	349	8.8
Provision for employees' bonuses	1,274	1.3	1,274	1.3	0	0.1
Provision for directors' bonuses	112	0.1	112	0.1	-0	-0.2
Expenses for retirement benefits	502	0.5	465	0.4	37	8.0
Rent expenses	6,240	6.3	6,100	6.1	140	2.3
Business consignment expenses	11,602	11.6	9,706	9.7	1,896	19.5
Depreciation expenses	5,714	5.7	5,525	5.5	188	3.4
Other costs and expenses	12,542	12.6	11,864	11.9	677	5.7

(5) Changes in non-operating income/expenses and extraordinary income/loss

<u> </u>	•	•	5				
Items	FY16 20 (Results		FY15 2 (Result		Change	Rate of change	
lienis	(Result	Ratio	(itteouil	Ratio	Unange	Tate of change	
	Millions of yen		Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Operating revenues	99,840	100.0	100,080	100.0	-240	-0.2	
Operating income	4,464	4.5	6,578	6.6	-2,113	-32.1	
Non-operating income	2,051	2.1	1,581	1.6	469	29.7	
Interest income and dividend	536	0.5	511	0.5	24	4.8	
Return on investment by the equity method	1,202	1.3	798	0.8	404	50.6	
Others	312	0.3	271	0.3	41	15.1	
Non-operating expenses	279	0.3	429	0.4	-150	-35.0	
Interest expenses	228	0.2	293	0.3	-65	-22.4	
Miscellaneous expenses	50	0.1	135	0.1	-84	-62.5	
Ordinary income/loss	6,237	6.2	7,729	7.7	-1,492	-19.3	
Extraordinary income	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Extraordinary loss	0	0.0	4	0.0	-3	-86.9	
Income taxes	1,940	1.9	2,448	2.4	-508	-20.8	
Net income	4,296	4.3	5,277	5.3	-980	-18.6	

Note: Figures shown are rounded down to the nearest million yen



(6) Consolidated balance sheets

(Millions of yen)

Note: Figures shown are rounded down to the nearest million yen

(7) Consolidated statements of cash flows

Items	FY16 2Q (Results)	FY15 2Q (Results)	Change
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Cash flows from operating activities	2,315	8,288	-5,972
Income before income taxes and minority interests	6,236	7,725	-1,489
Depreciation and amortization	5,754	5,570	183
Other current assets	-2,233	-284	-1,948
Other current liabilities	-5,143	648	-5,792
Other fixed liabilities	-233	-105	-128
Others	353	-2,100	2,453
Income and other taxes paid	-2,418	-3,166	748
Cash flows from investing activities	-7,389	-3,479	-3,909
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	-6,603	-3,312	-3,290
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	-811	-175	-636
Others	25	8	17
Cash flows from financing activities	-6,773	-7,740	967
Proceeds from long-term loans payable			
Repayment of long-term loans payable	-5,206	-6,386	1,180
Dividends payment	-1,462	-974	-487
Others	-104	-380	275
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	-2	-0	-2
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-11,849	-2,932	-8,916
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	43,565	46,897	-3,332
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	31,715	43,964	-12,248

(8) Capital expenditure and depreciation expenses

Items	FY12 2Q (Results)	FY13 2Q (Results)	FY14 2Q (Results)	FY15 2Q (Results)	FY16 2Q (Results)	
	Millions of yen					
Capital expenditure	4,270	1,845	1,489	1,591	3,548	
Depreciation expenses	6,341	6,258	5,847	5,525	5,714	

Breakdown of Major Capital Expenditures

	FY16 2Q (Results)	
Construction costs of Building 1 north side	f dormitory for single employees	¥0.8 billion ¥0.3 billion

Breakdown of main depreciation expenses

	FY12 2Q (Results)	FY13 2Q FY14 2Q (Results) (Results)		FY15 2Q (Results)	FY16 2Q (Results)
	Billions of yen	Billions of yen	Billions of yen	Billions of yen	Billions of yen
Terminal 1	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.1
Terminal 2	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0
P4 Parking	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1

[Reference] Purchasing Trends of Non-Japanese Passengers by Nationality (1)

(1) The number of departing non-Japanese visitors by airport (monthly average)

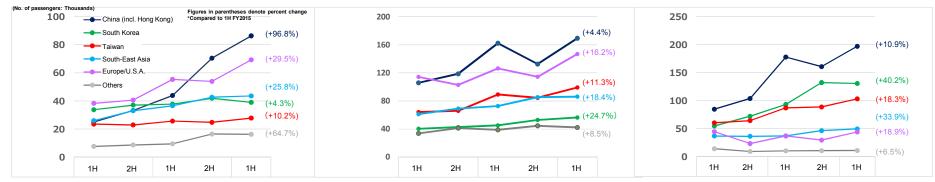
	Ja	pan	Hai	neda	Na	rita	Ka	nsai	Ot	her
	No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)
FY15	1,737,049	100	227,269	13	524,930	30	455,300	26	529,550	31
1H FY16	1,972,198	100	282,036	14	600,584	31	535,200	27	554,378	28

(2) The number of departing non-Japanese visitors by airport and nationality (monthly average)

O Volume ranking and change in departing passengers by nationality for 1H FY16

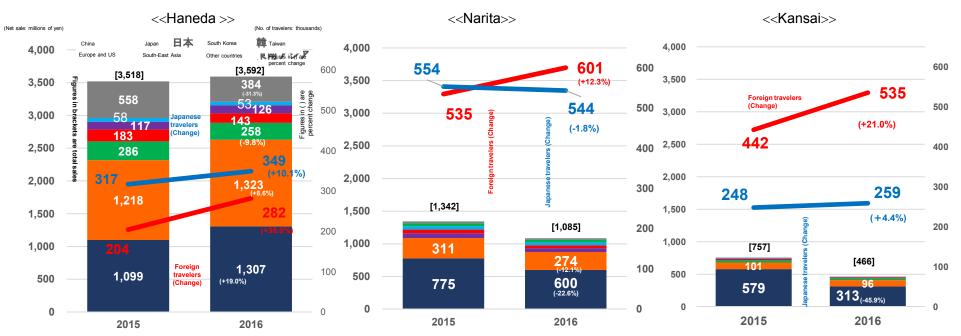
< <h< th=""><th>aneda Airpo</th><th>ort>></th><th></th><th><</th><th><<narita air<="" th=""><th>port>></th><th></th><th><</th><th><kansai air<="" th=""><th>port>></th><th></th></kansai></th></narita></th></h<>	aneda Airpo	ort>>		<	< <narita air<="" th=""><th>port>></th><th></th><th><</th><th><kansai air<="" th=""><th>port>></th><th></th></kansai></th></narita>	port>>		<	<kansai air<="" th=""><th>port>></th><th></th></kansai>	port>>	
	No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	Change (%)		No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	Change (%)		No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	Change (%)
(1) China (incl. Hong Kong)	86,246	30.6%	96.8%	(1) China (incl. Hong Kong)	169,303	28.2%	4.4%	(1) China (incl. Hong Kong)	197,099	36.8%	10.9%
(2) South Korea	38,977	13.8%	4.3%	(2) Taiwan	99,341	16.5%	11.3%	(2) South Korea	130,573	24.4%	40.2%
(3) Taiwan	27,791	9.9%	10.2%	(3) U.S.A	69,379	11.6%	21.9%	(3) Taiwan	103,090	19.3%	18.3%
(4) U.S.A	22,514	8.0%	33.3%	(4) South Korea	56,514	9.4%	24.7%	(4) Thailand	18,367	3.4%	42.0%
	No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	Change (%)		No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	Change (%)		No. of passenger volume (person)	Composition ratio (%)	Change (%)
Non-Japanese	282,036	44.7%	38.0%	Non-Japanese	600,584	52.5%	12.3%	Non-Japanese	535,200	67.4%	21.0%
Japanese	348,985	55.3%	10.1%	Japanese	543,820	47.5%	-1.8%	Japanese	258,730	32.6%	4.4%
Total	631,021	100.0%	21.0%	Total	1,144,404	100.0%	5.1%	Total	793,930	100.0%	15.0%

O Number of departing non-Japanese passengers (1H FY2014 to 1H FY2016)



Notes: Passenger data has been aggregated by the company using immigration statistics from the Ministry of Justice. Data from April 2016 to August 2016. Transit passengers are not included in passenger number.

[Reference] Purchasing Trends of Non-Japanese Passengers by Nationality (2)



(3) Company duty-free store sales and number of departing passengers by airport and nationality (monthly average)

Notes: "Net sales" denote all store sales (excluding taxable stores). Haneda: all duty-free stores; Narita: directly managed stores and boutiques; Kansai: directly managed boutiques. Sales by nationality include estimates

(4) Main factors in the fluctuation of sales of duty free shops and purchasing trends

«Haneda»

- Among the number of passengers, those from China increased substantially; consequently, while unit-purchases were lower, sales grew. (The share of sales: approx. 30%–35% of previous year)
- > The number of Japanese passengers also rose, leading to higher sales. The share of sales, however, remained largely flat year on year.

«Narita»

- > While the number of Japanese nationals among the number of passengers declined, those from South Korea, Southeast Asia and other markets increased.
- > There were no major changes in the share of sales by nationality.

«Kansai»

Among the number of passengers, while those mainly from Japan and South Korea increased, the share of sales from Chinese passengers declined from approx. 75% of the previous year to 65%.

(1) Consolidated financial forecast for FY16

ltems	FY16 (Forecasts)		FY15 (Results)		Change	Rate of Charge	Initial forecast (May 2016)		Difference
		Ratio		Ratio				Ratio	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
Operating revenues	202,900	100.0	204,134	100.0	-1,234	-0.6	221,000	100.0	-18,100
Facilities management	54,500	26.8	52,880	25.9	1,619	3.1	53,400	24.2	1,100
Merchandise sales	129,800	64.0	133,718	65.5	-3,918	-2.9	149,400	67.6	-19,600
Food and beverage	18,600	9.2	17,535	8.6	1,064	6.1	18,200	8.2	400
Cost of sales	108,700	53.6	110,070	53.9	-1,370	-1.2	120,200	54.4	-11,500
Cost of sales of merchandise	98,200	48.4	99,956	49.0	-1,756	-1.8	109,700	49.6	-11,500
(Ratio)	(75.7%)		(74.8%)		(0.9P)		(73.4%)		(2.3P)
Cost of sales of food and beverage	10,500	5.2	10,114	4.9	385	3.8	10,500	4.8	-
(Ratio)	(56.5%)		(57.7%)		(-1.2P)		(57.7%)		(-1.2P)
Gross profit	94,200	46.4	94,064	46.1	135	0.1	100,800	45.6	-6,600
Selling, general and administrative expenses	85,400	42.1	82,761	40.6	2,638	3.2	87,900	39.8	-2,500
Operating income	8,800	4.3	11,302	5.5	-2,502	-22.1	12,900	5.8	-4,100
Non-operating income/loss	2,600	1.3	2,351	1.2	248	10.6	2,700	1.2	-100
Ordinary income	11,400	5.6	13,654	6.7	-2,254	-16.5	15,600	7.0	-4,200
Extraordinary income/loss	300	0.2	-194	-0.1	494	-	-	-	300
Net income	7,200	3.5	8,870	4.3	-1,670	-18.8	11,100	5.0	-3,900

* Preconditions: Forecast of number of passengers

Haneda domestic (full-year)	+2.0% YoY
Haneda international (full-year)	+15.4% YoY
Narita international (full-year)	+4.0% YoY
Kansai international (full-year)	+11.3% YoY

 * Ratio: Cost of sales of merchandise / Operating revenues of merchandise
 Ratio: Cost of sales of food and beverage / Operating revenues of food and beverage

(2) Financial forecast by segment

(i) Facilities management

Items	FY16 Forecas)	sts)	FY15 (Results		Change	Rate of change	Initial forecast (May 2016)		Difference
Sales to external customers	Millions of yen	Ratio %	Millions of yen	Ratio %	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	Ratio %	Millions of yen
Rental revenues	13,100	23.2	12,900	23.5	199	1.6	13,000	23.5	100
Facility user charges revenues	18,000	31.9	17,851	32.5	148	0.8	18,000	32.6	-
Other revenues	23,400	41.5	22,128	40.3	1,271	5.7	22,400	40.5	1,000
Subtotal	54,500	96.6	52,880	96.3	1,619	3.1	53,400	96.6	1,100
Intersegment sales, etc.	1,900	3.4	2,006	3.7	-106	-5.3	1,900	3.4	-
Total	56,400	100.0	54,887	100.0	1,512	2.8	55,300	100.0	1,100
Operating expenses	50,100	88.8	48,751	88.8	1,348	2.8	49,500	89.5	600
Operating income	6,300	11.2	6,135	11.2	164	2.7	5,800	10.5	500
(Ratio)	(11.2%)		(11.2%)		-		(10.5%)		(0.7P)

Rent revenues:Facility user charges revenues:	Increase in space leased to airline companies, etc. Increase in income from PSFC	+¥0.1 billion +¥0.1 billion
Other revenues:	Increase in commissioned facility management revenues	
	for Haneda Airport international flights	+¥0.7 billion
	Increase in advertising revenue	+¥0.2 billion
	Increase in hotel revenues	+¥0.1 billion
	Passenger handling revenues	+¥0.1 billion

(2) Financial forecast by segment

(ii) Merchandise sales

Items	FY16 (Forecasts)		FY15 (Results)		Change	Rate of	Revised forecast (May 2016)		Difference
		Ratio		Ratio		change		Ratio	
Sales to external customers	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
Domestic terminal stores	33,600	25.8	33,424	24.9	175	0.5	34,000	22.7	-400
International terminal stores	31,900	24.4	35,124	26.1	-3,224	-9.2	46,000	30.6	-14,100
Other sales	64,300	49.3	65,169	48.4	-869	-1.3	69,400	46.2	-5,100
Subtotal	129,800	99.5	133,718	99.4	-3,918	-2.9	149,400	99.5	-19,600
Intersegment sales, etc.	700	0.5	753	0.6	-53	-7.1	700	0.5	0
Total	130,500	100.0	134,471	100.0	-3,971	-3.0	150,100	100.0	-19,600
Operating expenses	124,000	95.0	124,995	93.0	-995	-0.8	138,300	92.1	-14,300
Operating income	6,500	5.0	9,476	7.0	-2,976	-31.4	11,800	7.9	-5,300
(Ratio)	(5.0%)		(7.0%)		(-2.0P)		(7.9%)		(-2.9P)

 International terminal stores: 	Increase in sales of directly managed stores at Haneda international terminal	+¥0.8 billion
	Decrease in sales of directly managed stores at Narita Airport	-¥4.0 billion
	Decrease in sales of boutique store at Kansai Airport	-¥3.6 billion
	Increase in sales accompanying operation launch of urban duty-free stores	+¥3.6 billion
Others:	Increase in wholesale sales to Haneda international terminal and regional airports, etc.	+¥3.1 billion
	Decrease in wholesale sales to Narita Airport	-¥4.0 billion

(2) Financial forecast by segment(iii) Food and beverage

Items	FY16 (Forecasts)		FY15 (Results)		Change	Rate of change	Revised forecast (May 2016)		Difference
		Ratio		Ratio		<u> </u>		Ratio	
Sales to external customers	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen		Millions of yen
Sales from restaurants	9,700	46.0	9,549	47.6	150	1.6	9,600	46.4	100
Sales from in-flight meals	6,200	29.4	5,685	28.3	514	9.0	6,200	29.9	-
Other sales	2,700	12.8	2,300	11.5	399	17.4	2,400	11.6	300
Subtotal	18,600	88.2	17,535	87.4	1,064	6.1	18,200	87.9	400
Intersegment sales, etc.	2,500	11.8	2,528	12.6	-28	-1.1	2,500	12.1	-
Total	21,100	100.0	20,063	100.0	1,036	5.2	20,700	100.0	400
Operating expenses	20,300	96.2	19,499	97.2	800	4.1	20,100	97.1	200
Operating income	800	3.8	564	2.8	235	41.7	600	2.9	200
(Ratio)	(3.8%)		(2.8%)		(1.0P)		(2.9%)		(0.9P)

• Sales from in-flight meals:Increase in sales of in-flight meals contracts from new foreign carriers+¥0.5 billion• Other:Increase in commissioned facility management revenues for Haneda Airport international flights+¥0.3 billion

Note: Figures shown are rounded down to the nearest million yen

· · ·		•	•			
Items	FY11 (Results)	FY12 (Results)	FY13 (Results)	FY14 (Results)	FY15 (Results)	FY16 (Forecasts)
	Millions of yen					
Capital expenditure	8, 140	7, 215	5, 765	4, 830	8, 379	7, 772
Depreciation expenses	13, 954	12, 865	12, 680	11, 872	11, 232	11, 435

(1) Capital expenditure and depreciation expenses

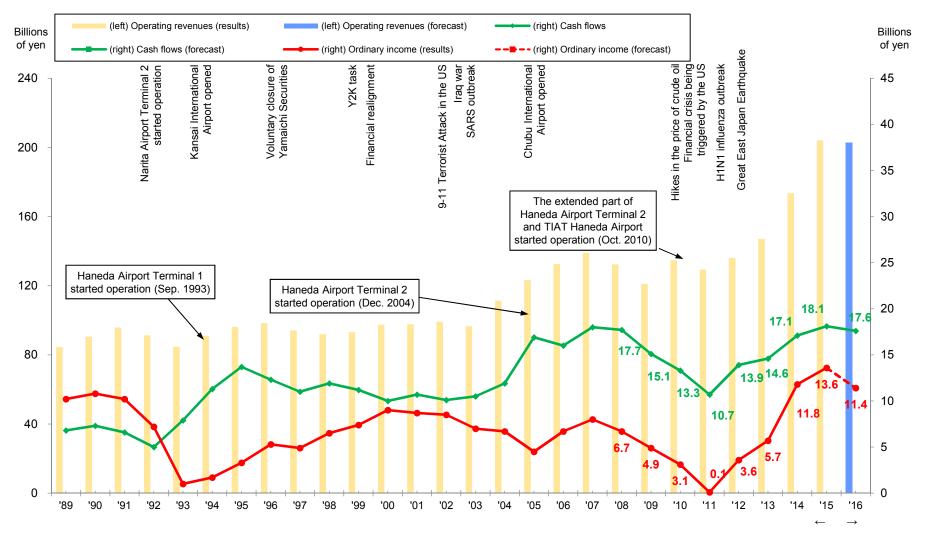
Breakdown of Major Capital Expenditures

FY15 (Results)		FY16 (Forecast)	
New construction of an urban duty free store	¥2.3 billion	Construction costs of dormitory for single employees	¥1.0 billion
Building 1 PBB update	¥0.7 billion	Lounge renovation	¥0.8 billion
Building 1 south side toilet upgrade	¥0.4 billion	Building 1 PBB update	¥0.7 billion
Central surveillance room system update const	ruction	Building 2 central surveillance equipment update cor	
	¥0.3 billion		¥0.4 billion
Installation of PBB outdoor advertising		Building 1 north side toilet upgrade	¥0.3 billion
boards at Building 1 and Building 2	¥0.3 billion		

Breakdown of main depreciation expenses

	FY11 (Results)	FY12 (Results)	FY13 (Results)	FY14 (Results)	FY15 (Results)	FY16 (Forecasts)
	Billions of yen					
Terminal 1	4.1	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.9	4.4
Terminal 2	5.6	6.1	5.2	5.4	5.0	4.1
P4 Parking	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3

(2) Changes in operating revenues/ordinary income/cash flows



Results Forecast

(Cash flows = Net income + Depreciation expenses – Dividends)

Second Quarter of FY16 **Reference Material**

- 1. Outline of the Company
- 2. Efforts Related to the Tokyo International Airport Reexpansion Project
- 3. Changes in Passenger Volume on Domestic and International Flights (Haneda and Narita)



This document has been translated from the Japanese original, for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd. http://www.tokyo-airport-bldg.co.jp/

1. Outline of the Company

(1) Company History

Haneda Airport was re-launched as Japanese air gateway after being returned by the U.S. in 1952. However, on account of a lack of financial resources after the war, only the costs for paving the taxiway and apron were included in the national budget. Therefore, it was decided to build the terminal with private funds (cabinet approved), and in 1953 the Company was founded with the cooperation of major financial institutions (with capital 150 million yen), and the terminal was opened in May 1955.

1953	(July)	Established with private sector capital of 150 million yen.
1955	(May)	The terminal building opened and launched operation.
1964	(April)	Separate domestic arrival terminal building completed in time with the Tokyo Olympic Games.
	(October)	Duty-free sales operations commenced.
1978	(May)	Commenced merchandise sales including duty-free articles, hotel reservation services and other operations with the opening of Narita International Airport.
1990	(February)	Listed on second section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
1991	(September)	Listed on first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
1993	(September)	Haneda Airport Terminal 1 (Big Bird) started operation.
1994	(September)	Launched commissioned operation of duty-free stores and wholesale of duty-free goods accompanying opening of the Kansai Airport.
1998	(March)	The temporary international terminal at Haneda Airport started operation.
2001	(February)	International charter flights commenced at Haneda Airport.
2002	(April)	Terminated periodic international flights from Haneda Airport (transfer of China Airlines and the EVA Airways to Narita).
2003	(November)	International charter flights between Haneda and Seoul (Gimpo) commenced.
2004	(December)	Terminal 2 at Haneda Airport started operation.
2005	(February)	Wholesale of duty-free goods commenced with the opening of Central Japan International Airport.
2006	(April)	Participated in the project of the maintenance and operation of terminal at international flight area of the Tokyo International Airport.
	(June)	Invested in the special purpose company (SPC) "Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation."
2007	(February)	South Pier in Terminal 2 at Haneda Airport started operation.
	(September)	International charter flights between Haneda and Shanghai (Hongqiao Airport) commenced.
2008	(April)	International charter flights between Haneda and Hong Kong commenced (during specific hours).
2009	(April)	Designated as an Airport Facilities Operator under the revised Airport Act.
	(October)	International charter flights between Haneda and Beijing commenced.
2010	(August)	P4 multi-story parking main building started operation (full-scale operation in October).
	(October)	The extended part of Terminal 2, Haneda Airport started operation. The new International Passenger Terminal (TIAT) started operation.
2011	(January)	Established Japan Airport Terminal Trading (Chengdu) Co., Ltd.
	(November)	Renewal of Terminal 1 building, Haneda Airport completed.
2013	(April)	The extended part of South Pier in Terminal 2 at Haneda Airport started operation.
2014	(March)	Start of usage of international passenger terminal building expansion.



Haneda Airport Terminal when opened



Haneda Airport Terminal 1



Haneda Airport Terminal 2

(2) The Group's Business Expansion

Haneda Airport (Tokyo International Airport)

Terminal 1 (area under management: 291,500 m²)



Started operation on September 27, 1993

International Passenger Terminal flight meals (constructed and managed by Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation)



Started operation on October 21, 2010

Business under contractFacilities

maintenance/managementDuty-free store operation,

Construction.

buildings

management, and operation of terminal

Real estate leasing Merchandise sales (direct

management) Food and beverage

services (direct management)

Passenger services

Preparation/sales of in-

٠

٠

•

- etc.
- Passenger services
- Wholesale and merchandise sales
- Food and beverage services

Terminal 2 (area under management: 255,600 m²)



Started operation on December 1, 2004

South Pier started operation on February 15, 2007 The extended part of the main building 2 started operation on October 13, 2010

The extended part of South Pier started operation on April 8, 2013. Parking lots

٠

•



Management of parking lots (total of 4,775 vehicles)

- P1 parking lot 2,350 vehicles
- P4 parking lot 2,425 vehicles

Narita International Airport



- Merchandise sales (duty-free stores, etc.)
- Wholesale (duty-free items, general items), commissioned management of duty-free stores
- Food and beverage service
- Passenger services
- · Preparation/sales of in-flight meals



Kansai International Airport

- Commissioned management of duty-free stores
- Merchandise sales
- Wholesale

.

Central Japan International Airport



Wholesale

and Chengdu City (China)

Chengdu International Airport



- Merchandise sales
- Wholesale

(3) Group Companies (17 companies)

Facilities management operations (6 companies)

[Maintenance and management]

 Japan Airport Techno Co., Ltd. 	Maintenance management of airport terminal facilities (inspection, construction, cleaning, etc.)
 Haneda Airport Security Co., Ltd. 	Security service in airport terminal facilities and management of parking area
 Sakura Clean Corporation 	Management of garbage disposal plants
[Service]	
• BIG WING Co., Ltd.	Advertising agency business and event planning management in airport terminal facilities
 Haneda Passenger Service Co., Ltd. 	Passenger services (information, insurance sales, and travel agency business)
Japan Airport Ground Handling Co., Ltd.	Ground handling operations at Haneda Airport (passengers, ramps, business jets)

Merchandise sales operations (7 companies)

International Trade Inc.	Retail sales and wholesale of goods to stores at domestic airports	
 Japan Airport Logitem Co., Ltd. 	Transportation and customs clearance services	
 Japan Airport Terminal Trading (Chengdu 	ı) Co., Ltd.	
	Retail sales and wholesale of goods at Chengdu Shuangliu International Airport (Sichuan Province, China)	
• Haneda Airport Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Operation of stores at Haneda Airport and Narita International Airport (foodstuffs, general merchandise, duty-free)	
• Hamashin Co., Ltd.	Wholesale of marine products	
 Japan Duty Free Fa-So-La Mitsukoshi Iset 	tan Co., Ltd.	
	Development of airport duty-free stores (bonded stores) in urban areas	
• Air BIC Inc.	Retail sales of home appliances	

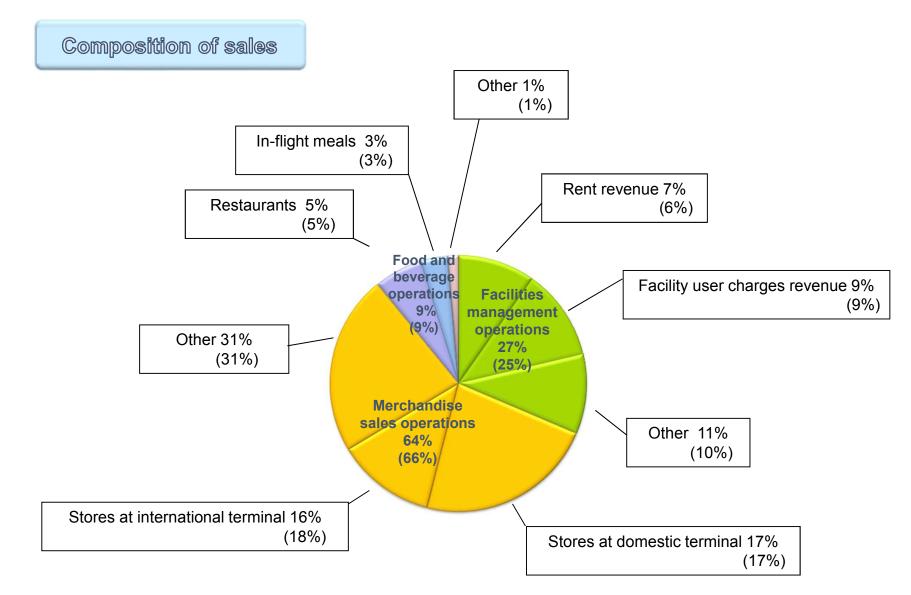
Food and beverage operations (4 companies)

 Tokyo Airport Restaurant Co., Ltd. 	Management of restaurants at Haneda Airport and Narita International Airport	
	Operation of airport lounges and conference rooms at Haneda Airport	
 Cosmo Enterprise Co., Ltd. 	In-flight meal production for foreign airlines at Haneda Airport and Narita International Airport	
• CTT Inc.	Cleaning of airline cabin items	
• Kaikan Kaihatsu Co., Ltd.	Operation of restaurants, halls, and conference rooms	

• In January 2011, the Company established Japan Airport Terminal Trading (Chengdu) Co., Ltd., (capital 85 million yen, investment ratio 100.0%) as a subsidiary specializing in merchandise sales and wholesale operations at Chengdu Shuangliu International Airport (Sichuan province, China).

In July 2011, BIG WING Co., Ltd. merged with its consolidated subsidiary Hiro International Co., Ltd.

(4) Composition of the Group Businesses (consolidated, by segment/results for FY16 2Q)



^{*} Figures in () are FY15 2Q results

(5) Revenue Composition (consolidated, by segment)

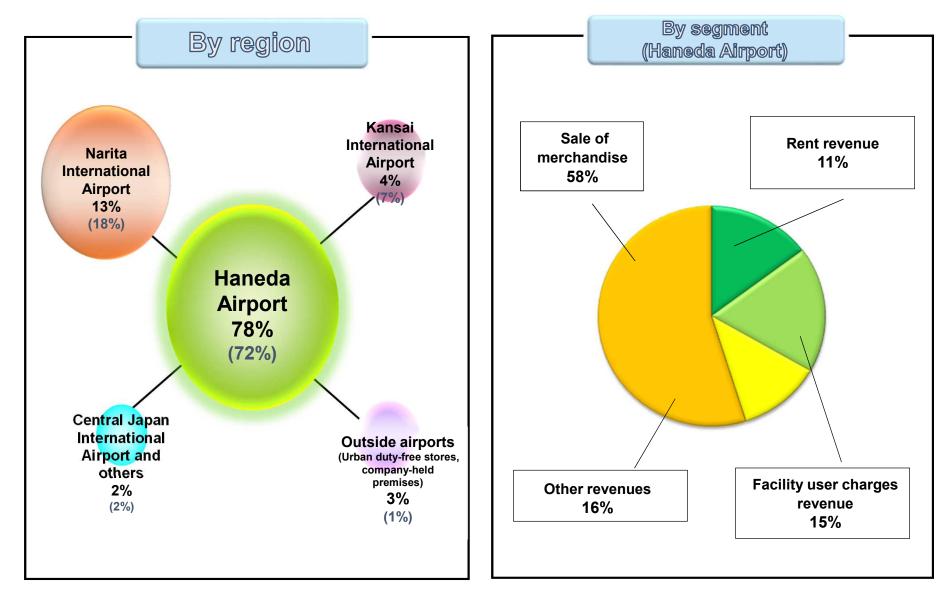
Category		Revenue details	Expenses details
	Rent revenue	Office lease (fixed rent); store lease (fixed rent + percentage commission)	Depreciation; water, heating, energy expenses; repairs expenses; lease fee (such as national property usage fee); taxes and public
Facilities management	Facility user charges revenue	Fees for use of passenger facilities (domestic flights: PSFC)	charges; cleaning expenses; outsourcing fees
operations	Others	Commissioned management fee of Haneda Airport, parking fee revenue, advertising revenue; sales from paid waiting room (Airport Lounge); revenue from subcontracted work	Lease fee (such as national property usage fee); taxes and public charges (fixed asset tax); outsourcing fees
	Stores at domestic terminal	Merchandise sales for stores at Haneda Airport	Cost of sales; supply expenses
Merchandise sales operations	Stores at international terminal	Merchandise sales for lobby stores at Haneda Airport Merchandise sales for stores such as duty-free stores at Narita International Airport and Kansai International Airport Merchandise sales for duty-free stores in town	Cost of sales; supply expenses; percentage of business
	Others	Wholesale to Haneda Airport, Narita International Airport, Kansai International Airport, and Central Japan International Airport Commissioned management fee of Haneda Airport, Narita International Airport, and Kansai International Airport	Cost of sales and agent service fee
	Restaurants	Restaurant sales at Haneda Airport and Narita International Airport	Food expenses (cost of sales for food and beverage), percentage of business
Food and beverage operations	In-flight meals	Production and sales of in-flight meals	Food expenses (cost of sales for food and beverage)
	Others	Commissioned management fee of Haneda Airport international flights Wholesale of products such as frozen foods and box meals	Food expenses (cost of sales for food and beverage), Outsourcing costs

Factors behind changes in earnings: Environment the airline industry operates in (such as changes in the number of passengers on both international and domestic flights)

Government measures, etc. (such as the government's and regulating authority's airport management policy and revisions to and changes to the system of usage fees for national assets)

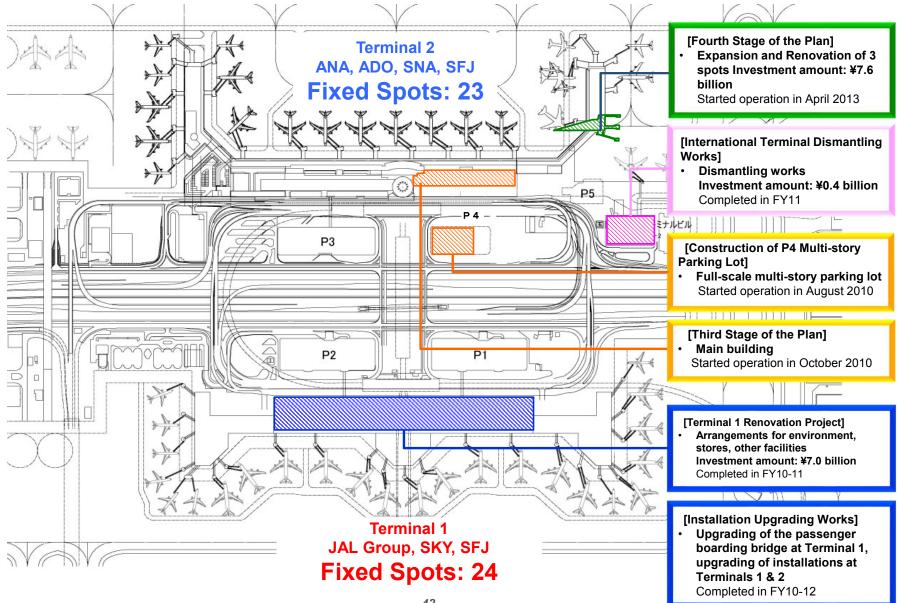
Changes in facility user charges (domestic flights)

(6) Sales by Region and Segment (non-consolidated)



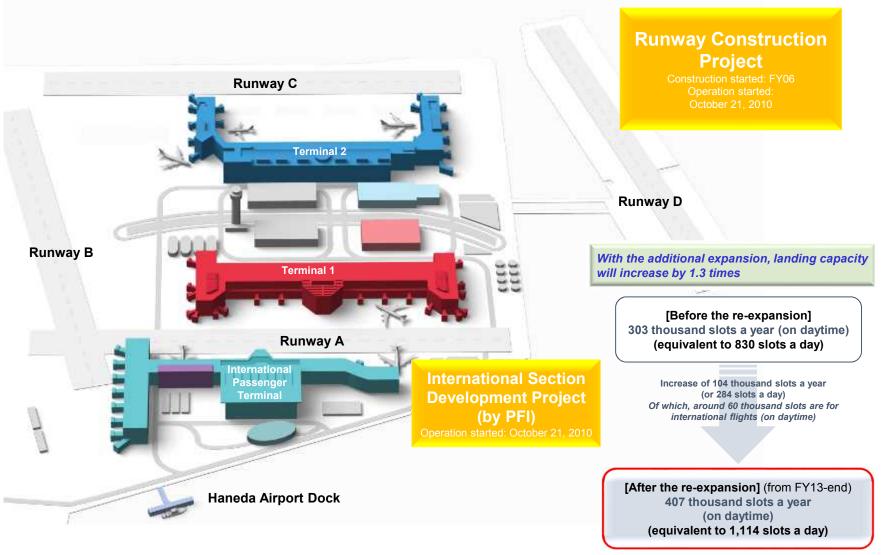
*Figures in () are FY15 2Q results.

(7) Facilities of Tokyo International Airport (investment plan)



2. Efforts Related to the Tokyo International Airport Re-expansion Project

(1) Re-expansion Project of Tokyo International Airport



* Estimated based on the materials from the Study Group meeting for slot allocation standards at Haneda Airport (July 2009) and the Growth Strategy Council of MLIT (April 2010) from the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

(2) Founding and Present State of the Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation

April 21, 2006 June 1, 2006 June 20, 2006 July 7, 2006 October 21, 2010	"HKT Group," represented the Company, was selected as the candidate for the project HKT Group concluded basic agreement with the Japanese government The special purpose company, Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation was founded Business agreement was concluded between the Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation and the Japanese government Placed in operation
June 2011	Revised agreement on the maintenance and management of the terminal building in the international section of the Tokyo International Airport was concluded between Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation and the Japanese government Partial renovation and expansion of the main terminal building Expansion of satellite and multi-story parking
April 2012	 Newly-built hotel Publicly invited bids to perform passenger terminal building and other expansion work Terminal Building (4 sections) Main building Main building, satellite Satellite Satellite Expansion of multi-story parking (1 section)
July 2012	Conclusion of subcontract agreement for expansion of passenger terminal building and other areas Terminal Building 1. and 2. main building and satellite: Taisei Corporation 3. and 4. satellite: Takenaka Corporation Expansion of multi-story parking: Taisei Corporation
November 2012 March 2013 May 2013 March 2014 September 2014	Expansion work started Concluded a construction contract for expansion work of passenger terminal buildings (hotel construction area): Taisei Corporation Hotel construction area work started Expanded terminal enters partial operation Expanded terminal enters full operation

1. Company Name	1. Company Name Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation			
2. Date Founded	June 20, 2006			
3. Headquarters Location	Haneda Airport, Ota-ku, Toł	Haneda Airport, Ota-ku, Tokyo		
4. Capital	9.0 billion yen			
5. Businesses Maintenance and management of the terminal building in the international section of Tokyo International Airport				
6. Representative Katsuji Doi, President (Former Vice President of Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd.)				
7. Composition of Shareh	olders			
7. Composition of Shareholders Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd. (38.78%) Japan Airlines Corporation (19.36%) ANA HOLDINGS INC. (19.36%) Narita International Airport Corporation (4.5%) Tokyo Electric Power Company, Inc. (3.5%) SECOM Co., Ltd. (3.0%) Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. (3.0%) Keihin Electric Express Railway Co., Ltd. (2.0%) Tokyo Monorail Co., Ltd. (2.0%) NTT Data Corporation (1.5%) Development Bank of Japan Inc. (1.0%) Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd. (1.0%) Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd. (1.0%) 8. Corporate Philosophy As the gateway to the nation's capital, Tokyo, we will endeavor to continue providing cutting-edge terminal facilities and services to customers from across the world and thus contribute to the development of the internation aviation network.				

(3) Overview of the Tokyo International Terminal Building

Summary of facilities

- **Site area** approx. 150,000 m²
- Terminal building
 - Floor space: approx. 236,500 m² (including water supply and waste disposal facilities)
 - Floors: 5 floors
 - Fixed spots: 18 spots

Image picture of International passenger building, etc., after expansion

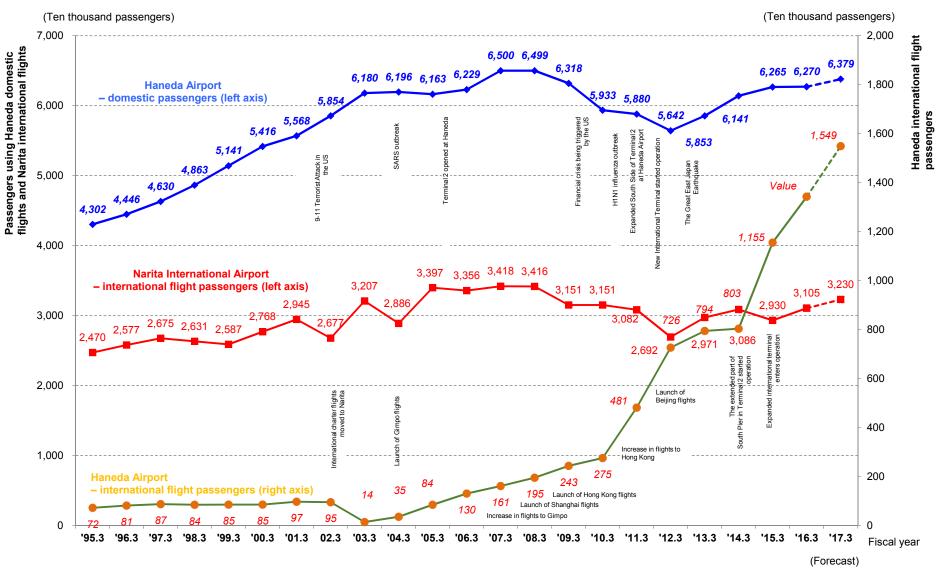


Note: Created by the Company based on material from the Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation

Parking lot

- Floor space: approx. 86,000 m²
- Floors: 8 levels, 9 floors
- Capacity: approx. 3,000 vehicles

3. Changes in Passenger Volume on Domestic and International Flights (Haneda and Narita)



Source: Created by the Company based on material from the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism and the Narita International Airport Corporation

Notes regarding projections

Items such as plans, targets, policies, strategies, decisions, financial forecasts, future figures and monetary amounts in this presentation that is not historical data are projections of the future. These are based on management's projections, assumptions, evaluations, judgments, and conditions on information obtainable at the present time. Realizing these items entail uncertainty and various risks.

This presentation material is not intended to solicit investments. We requests you to make own decision regarding investments.

