# Earnings Explanatory Meeting April 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012

## **Earnings Presentation Material**

(November 15, 2012)



Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd.

http://www.tokyo-airport-bldg.co.jp/

<sup>\*</sup> This document has been translated from the Japanese original, for reference purposes only.

In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

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# Earnings Explanatory Meeting April 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012 (FY12 1H)

- 1. Review of Consolidated Financial Results for FY12 1H
- 2. Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY12
- 3. Progress of Issues and Efforts which JAT Needs to Address
- 4. Landing Slots Increase of Haneda Airport
- 5. Summary (To Development of the "New Future of Airport Operations")

Isao Takashiro, President

#### 1. Review of Consolidated Financial Results for FY12 1H

#### (1) Consolidated Financial Results

## **Business Environment**

The Japanese economy moved along a path of gradual recovery underpinned by demand related to recovery from the Great East Japan Earthquake. Nevertheless, with great uncertainty surrounding economic ties with Europe and China, the future remains uncertain.

Passenger volume has recovered from the impacts of the earthquake, and, excepting domestic traffic at Haneda, has surpassed initial forecasts. Compared to last year, however, traffic figures are up on both domestic and international routes.

#### **Passenger Volume**

Rate of change (with respect to previous period)

Airport	FY12 1H (%)	Initial forecast (%)	Difference (P)	No. of passenger volume (thousands)	FY10 1H (thousands)	Difference (%)
Haneda – Domestic	7.6	10.1	-2.5	29,730	30,750	-3.3
Haneda – International	17.3	15.4	1.9	4,060	1,680	-
Narita	18.4	16.5	1.9	15,250	16,760	-9.0
Kansai	22.0	17.6	4.4	5,860	5,370	9.1

#### **Principal Measures**

- Measures for addressing vacant building space (talks on Isetan Haneda Store, First Cabin, rent negotiation, etc.)
- Measures for food and beverage business (Review of food procurement and increase in operational efficiency)
- Efforts to improve cost management for terminal operations, etc. (Review of Group subcontracting agreements and outsourcing costs, PB products, negotiations to cut costs)
- Development of new revenue sources (Startup of "Japan Airport Delica" and development of new merchandise stores and restaurants in China)

#### (2) Consolidated Financial Results

- 1) Difference from FY11 1H
  - Despite lower rent revenue, due to returns of office space by airlines, recovering passenger volume boosted merchandise sales and facility user charges revenue, and produced higher net sales and earnings.
- 2) Difference from initial forecast
  - Helped by international passenger volume exceeding initial forecast, operating revenues came in higher than expected, and, with some capital investments postponed to the second half, produced higher-than-expected operating income and ordinary income.

(Billions of yen)

Items	FY12 1H (Results)	FY11 1H (Results)	Change	Rate of change (%)	Initial forecast *1	Difference
Operating revenues	69.6	62.5	7.1	11.4	68.2	1.4
Operating income / loss	2.5	-0.2	2.8	-	1.9	0.6
Ordinary income / loss	2.5	-0.7	3.3	-	1.6	0.9
Net income / loss	1.2	-0.9	2.1	-	0.7	0.5

<sup>\*1</sup> Financial forecast announced in May 2012

## (3) Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Billions of yen)

Items	FY12 1H (Results)	FY11 (Results)	Change
Total assets	191.1	189.1	1.9
Total liabilities	91.3	89.7	1.5
Net assets	99.8	99.4	0.3
Total liabilities and net assets	191.1	189.1	1.9
[Reference]			
Equity ratio	51.4%	51.7%	-0.3P

#### 2. Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY12

#### (1) Summary of Consolidated Financial Forecast for FY12

#### **Business Environment**

While demand related to recovery from last year's earthquake is expected to keep the economy on a recovery path, the future is expected to remain cloudy as troubles in Europe continue to drag down the global economy and the territorial dispute surrounding the Senkaku Islands, and other problems, remain unsolved.

Given this outlook, and considering developments with regard to passenger traffic from China, international passenger traffic forecasts for the second half for both Haneda and Narita have been revised downward.

## Passenger Volume Forecast

Rate of change (with respect to same period of previous year)

Airport	FY12 1H (%)	FY12 2H (%)	FY12 (%)	Initial forecasts (%)	Difference (P)	Adjusted forecast (thousands)
Haneda – Domestic	7.6	1.3 (1.0)	4.3	5.5	-1.2	58,870
Haneda – International	17.3	1.2 (2.7)	8.8	8.7	0.1	7,910
Narita	18.4	2.5 (6.7)	10.1	11.4	-1.3	29,640
Kansai	22.0	1.2 (0.8)	11.0	8.8	2.2	11,230

<sup>\*1</sup> Figures in parentheses are initial forecasts.

# Principal Issues and Efforts which JAT Needs to Address

- Measures for addressing the lower passenger traffic from China (Capture Japanese travelers and strengthen sales)
- Measures for addressing vacant building space (Recruit new tenants and sign fixed-term leases)
- Measures for food and beverage business (Begin reconstruction of the store strategy and enter into a technical partnership with a major overseas catering firm)
- Efforts to improve cost management for terminal operations, etc. (Integrate Group HR and accounting departments)
- Development of new revenue sources (Proceed with the detailed design for the international passenger hotel and develop PB products together with JALUX)



- 1) Difference from prior-year results
- With increases in merchandise sales and facility user charges revenue associated with recovering passenger volume, as well as decrease in depreciation expenses and other factors, operating revenues and income are expected to rise.
- 2) Difference from initial forecasts
- For the fiscal year as a whole, passenger volume basically in line with the initial forecast is expected to result in operating revenues and income approximating initial forecasts.

(Billions of yen)

		1H			2H		FY			EV/44	
Items	Results	Initial forecast	Change	Revised forecast	Initial forecast	Change	Revised forecast	Initial forecast	Change	FY11 Results	Change
Operating revenues	69.6	68.2	1.4	67.1	66.8	0.3	136.8	135.0	1.8	129.3	7.4
Operating income/ loss	2.5	1.9	0.6	1.2	1.9	-0.6	3.8	3.8	-	0.8	2.9
Ordinary income/ loss	2.5	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.4	-0.7	3.2	3.0	0.2	0.1	3.0
Net income/ loss	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.7	-0.5	1.4	1.4	-	-2.6	4.0
Annual dividends	¥3.5	¥3.5		¥3.5	¥3.5		¥7.0	¥7.0		¥7.0	

<sup>\*1</sup> Initial forecast is financial forecast announced in May 2012.

## (3) Forecast of Operating Revenues by Segment

(Billions of yen)

			FY1	2				Rate of
	Items	Revised Forecast	Initial forecast	Change	Rate of change (%)	FY11 Results	Change	change (%)
F	acilities management	42.7	42.6	0.1	0.2	42.	5 0.1	0.3
	Rent revenue	13.3	13.4	-0.1	-0.7	14.	1 -0.9	-6.1
	Facility user charges revenue	15.7	15.9	-0.2	-1.3	15.	4 0.2	1.8
	Other revenues	13.7	13.3	0.4	3.0	12.	9 0.7	5.5
N	lerchandise sales	79.0	77.2	1.8	2.3	72.	9 6.0	8.3
	Sales at domestic terminal stores	31.2	31.5	-0.3	-1.0	29.	4 1.7	6.0
	Sales at international terminal stores	17.4	16.5	0.9	5.5	13.	2 4.1	31.0
	Other sales	30.4	29.2	1.2	4.1	30.	2 0.1	0.6
F	ood and beverage	15.1	15.2	-0.1	-0.7	13.	8 1.2	8.8
	Sales from restaurants	8.5	9.0	-0.5	-5.6	8.	2 0.2	3.0
	Sales from in-flight meals	4.8	4.8	-	-	4.	1 0.6	15.8
	Other sales	1.8	1.4	0.4	28.6	1.	4 0.3	22.0

#### 3. Progress of Issues and Efforts which JAT Needs to Address

#### Issues and Efforts which <1H Results > <2H Plan> JAT Needs to Address > Isetan: Opened in April Proceed with preparations for opening vocational · Isetan Haneda Store Measures for First Cabin: Opened in April school training facility · First Cabin Haneda Terminal 1 ⇒Achieved 90% lodging occupancy addressing · Identification of new uses Stabilize space leasing operations by having airlines Began negotiations aimed at convincing a vocational (other than office space for airport-related and vacant enter into fixed-term leases school to open a training facility other businesses) building Began negotiating with airlines to provide special rent Attract new tenants (New types of businesses) · Discussions of rent, etc. with airline companies space discounts and to enter into fixed-term lease agreements (Restaurants) (Restaurants) (Restaurants) Revamping of store strategy, reduction of fixed Improved operations by lowering fixed costs and food · Begin reconstruction of store strategy Measures cost, changes in procurement of food supplies, costs (In-flight meals) for food and improvements in store operation efficiency, and ⇒ Budget yet to be achieved, but in the black • Enter into operational tie-up with major overseas beverage other measures (In-flight meals) player (LSG) to stabilize profitability (In-flight meals) · Lowered costs with measures like outsourcing business · Continue cost cutting and actively participate in · Sales efforts to gain new customers, and efforts cleaning work bidding to boost operational efficiency through ⇒ Achieved budget, and in the black reduction of costs Reviewed subcontracting agreements of Group · Continue managing cost reduction targets for Revise subcontracting agreements of Group companies, and implemented cost cuts at subsidiaries Efforts to companies subsidiaries · Create plan for integrating HR and accounting · Cost reduction improve cost ⇒ Subcontracting cost savings: approx. 0.15bn departments by year end (Domestic: Development of PB products, change management for Cost reduction Cost reduction in procurement of food supplies) terminal Domestic: Development of PB products, Began cost **Expand development of PB products** (International: Sales promotion of main brands) operations, etc. negotiations ⇒ Cut Haneda domestic cost percentage by 0.5P International: Negotiating costs with some suppliers

#### **Development of** new revenue sources

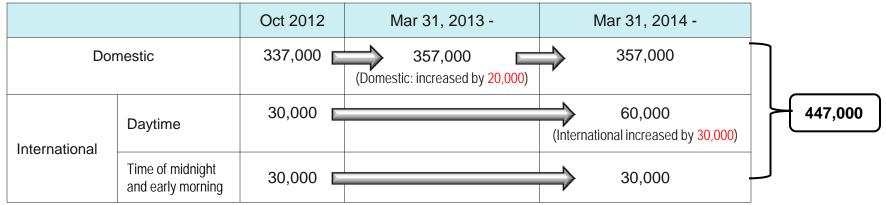
- · Domestic: Attract new businesses
- International: Join in hotel operations
- · Business outside Haneda: Open store in Tokyu Plaza Omotesando, open merchandise store in Chengdu Airport
- · Startup of "Japan Airport Delica," a joint venture with JALUX
- · Move ahead with planning and sales of cruises from the Haneda boat landing

- Domestic: Embarked on sales efforts targeting various companies
- International: Completed basic hotel-related designs
- Business outside Haneda: Tokyu Plaza opened in April
- Chengdu merchandise shop opened in August
- Japan Airport Delica: Started operations in April
- Haneda boat landing: Planning and sales of tour cruises (tie-ups with Hinomaru Kotsu, etc)

- Domestic: Analysis of business types needed, considering expanded international routes
- International: Move ahead with detailed design of an attractive hotel
- Business outside Haneda: Hold Tokyu Plaza events and revise MD
- Chengdu merchandise shop, renegotiate rent, etc.
- Joint development and sale of PB products with JALUX
- Haneda boat landing: continue planning and sales of tour cruises

## 4. Landing Slots Increase of Haneda Airport

#### ■ Landing Slot Increase of Domestic / International Flights



#### ■ Number of International Flights of Haneda Airport

Country	Oct 2012 17 routes, 53 flights/day	Mar 31, 2013 - 23 routes, 62 flights/day	Total	In service	Out of service
China	8	6	14	20	-6
South Korea	14		14	16	-2
Taiwan	8		8	8	-
Hong Kong	4		4	8	-4
Singapore	4		4	4	-
Malaysia	1		1	1	-
Thailand	3		3	2	+1
Indonesia	1		1	1	-
France	1		1	2	-1
UK	1		1	2	-1
Germany	1		1	4	-3
Netherlands			0	2	-2
Canada			0	2	-2
USA	7		7	8	-1
UAE		2	2	2	-
Qatar		1	1	1	-
Total	53	9	62	83	-21

Created by the Company based on materials announced by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

### 5. Summary (To Development of the "New Future of Airport Operations")

O Re-examine existing operations, develop a concrete vision of future operations, and reflect in the next Medium-Term Business Plan

#### Changing Externalities

#### Changing Internalities

OCompetitive environment for the airline industry is global

- · Liberalization of air transport, rapid growth of LCCs
- Need for reform in airport management
   (Thorough improvement in efficiency and stronger profitability)
- O Expansion in landing slots for Tokyo metropolitan area airports (Haneda:  $397,000 \rightarrow 447,000$ )
- O Decline in foreign visitors to Japan due to territorial disputes, etc. with neighboring countries

- O Increase in vacancies due to management streamlining by airlines
- O Increase in land lease expense (national property usage fee)
- O Change in Haneda traveler breakdown (Peak in domestic passenger traffic, international passenger traffic trending upward)
- O Changing business conditions at Narita and Kansai Airport

To develop the "new future of airport operations," re-examine existing operations, strengthen the operational base, and develop a concrete vision of future operations

## Business Development and the Creation of Attractive, Appealing Terminal Facilities at Haneda

- Expansion in 3 spots in the Terminal 2 Building
- Consideration of domestic connection facility improvement
- Strengthening of collaborations for international routes and participation in hotel development
- Active participation in development of dormant areas in Haneda property
- Strengthening of business involving the Haneda boat landing

## Maximization of Haneda's Potential

Creation of new demand through internal Group efforts

- Establishment of global education facilities through advancement of the UHHA concept
- Creation of a technology industry base through the development of a special district for robot testing

#### **Challenges outside of Haneda**

Strategic application of the strengths and know-how of the Group's existing businesses

- Consideration of new businesses at overseas airports
- Consideration of new businesses in commercial districts outside of airports



Fundamental cost structure reforms

In addition, implement sweeping cost structure reforms on top of ongoing cost cuts to strengthen resilience against changes in the severe business environment of the airline industry.

Toward a new development stage

# Earnings Explanatory Meeting April 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012 (FY12 1H)

## **Supplementary Material**

- 1. Details of Consolidated Financial Results for FY12 1H
- 2. Details of Forecast of Consolidated Financial Results for FY12
- 3. Others



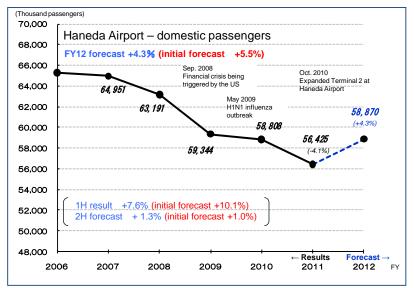
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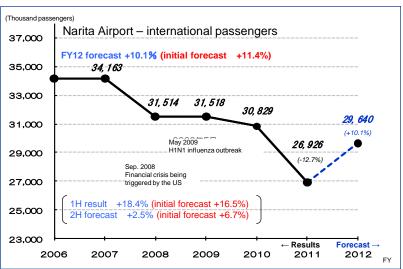
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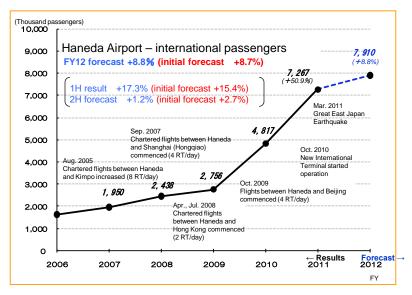
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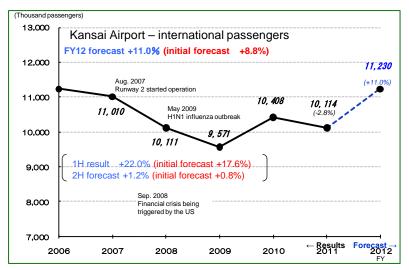
#### 1. Details of Consolidated Financial Results for FY12 1H

### (1) Changes in passenger volume (Haneda, Narita and Kansai)









\*Passenger volume

Results: figures published by Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism,
Narita International Airport Corporation and Kansai International Airport Co., Ltd.
Forecast: Created by the Company



## (2) Consolidated financial results for FY12 1H

Items	FY12 1 (Result		FY11 1h (Results		Change	Rate of change
		Ratio		Ratio		change
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
Operating revenues	69,694	100.0	62,587	100.0	7,106	11.4
Facilities management	21,563	30.9	21,090	33.7	472	2.2
Merchandise sales	40,590	58.3	34,695	55.4	5,895	17.0
Food and beverage	7,540	10.8	6,801	10.9	738	10.9
Cost of sales	34,576	49.6	30,348	48.5	4,228	13.9
Cost of sales of merchandise	30,165	43.3	26,154	41.8	4,010	15.3
(Ratio <sup>*1</sup> )	(74.3%)		(75.4%)		(-1.1P)	
Cost of sales of food and beverage	4,411	6.3	4,193	6.7	217	5.2
(Ratio <sup>*2</sup> )	(58.5%)		(61.7%)		(-3.2P)	
Gross profit	35,117	50.4	32,239	51.5	2,878	8.9
Selling, general and administrative expenses	32,540	46.7	32,476	51.9	63	0.2
Operating income/loss	2,577	3.7	-237	-0.4	2,814	-
Non-operating income/loss	-26	-0.0	-543	-0.8	516	-
Ordinary income/loss	2,550	3.7	-780	-1.2	3,331	-
Extraordinary income/loss	-119	-0.2	-20	-0.0	-99	-
Quarterly net income/loss	1,244	1.8	-903	-1.4	2,147	-

Initial foreca		
(May 2012	:	Difference
	Ratio	
Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
68,200	100.0	1,494
21,400	31.4	163
39,000	57.2	1,590
7,800	11.4	-259
33,900	49.7	676
29,300	43.0	865
(75.1%)		(-0.8P)
4,600	6.7	-188
(59.0%)		(-0.5P)
34,300	50.3	817
32,400	47.6	140
1,900	2.7	677
-300	-0.4	273
1,600	2.3	950
-	-	-119
700	1.0	544

Ratio\*2: Cost of sales of food and beverage / Operating revenues of food and beverage

<sup>\*</sup>Ratio\*1: Cost of sales of merchandise / Operating revenues of merchandise

### (3) Financial results by segment

#### 1) Facilities management

Items	FY12 (Resul		FY11 (Resu		Change	Rate of
		Ratio		Ratio		change
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
Sales to external customers						
Rent revenue	6,906	30.5	7,129	32.3	-223	-3.1
Facility user charges revenue	7,885	34.9	7,608	34.4	276	3.6
Other revenues	6,771	30.0	6,352	28.7	419	6.6
Subtotal	21,563	95.4	21,090	95.4	472	2.2
Intersegment sales and transfers	1,041	4.6	1,010	4.6	30	3.0
Total	22,604	100.0	22,101	100.0	503	2.3
Operating expenses	20,595	91.1	21,753	98.4	-1,157	-5.3
Operating income	2,008	8.9	348	1.6	1,660	-
(Ratio)	(8.9%)		(1.6%)		(7.3P)	

Initial fored (May 201		Difference
	Ratio	
Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
6,700	30.0	206
8,000	36.0	-114
6,700	30.0	71
21,400	96.0	163
900	4.0	141
22,300	100.0	304
20,900	93.7	-304
1,400	6.3	608
(6.3%)		(2.6P)

• Rent revenue: Return of office space in the domestic terminal building by airline companies, etc.

-¥0.2 billion

• Facility user charges revenue: Increase in PFC from higher domestic passenger volume

+¥0.3 billion

• Other revenues: Revenue increase from higher passenger volume Revenue increase from opening of "First Cabin," a compact hotel in domestic Terminal 1 building Revenue increase from commissioned management of facilities in the International Passenger Terminal +¥0.2 billion +¥0.1 billion

+¥0.1 billion

· Operating expenses: Lower maintenance expense (Prior fiscal year included expansion and renovation of the domestic Terminal 1 building) -¥1.0 billion

## (3) Financial results by segment

#### 2) Merchandise sales

Items	FY12 1H (Results)		FY11 1 (Result		Change	Rate of change	
	Ratio			Ratio		change	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Sales to external customers							
Domestic terminal stores	15,554	38.0	14,209	40.7	1,344	9.5	
International terminal stores	9,205	22.5	6,275	18.0	2,929	46.7	
Other sales	15,830	38.7	14,209	40.6	1,620	11.4	
Subtotal	40,590	99.2	34,695	99.3	5,895	17.0	
Intersegment sales and transfers	322	0.8	258	0.7	64	25.0	
Total	40,913	100.0	34,953	100.0	5,959	17.1	
Operating expenses	38,399	93.9	32,947	94.3	5,452	16.5	
Operating income	2,513	6.1	2,005	5.7	507	25.3	
(Ratio)	(6.1%)		(5.7%)		(0.4P)		

Initial fored (May 201	Difference		
Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	
16,000	40.8	-445	
8,400	21.4	805	
14,600	37.3	1,230	
39,000	99.5	1,590	
200	0.5	122	
39,200	100.0	1,713	
37,000	94.4	1,399	
2,200	5.6	313	
(5.6%)		(0.5P)	

 Sales at domestic terminal stores: Sales increase and other developments from higher domestic passenger volume Sales increase from opening of new stores in the Haneda Terminal 1 building

+¥1.1 billion +¥0.2 billion

Sales at international terminal stores: Sales increase and other developments from higher international passenger volume +¥1.3 billion

Opening of new stores at Kansai Airport Sales increase from store renovations at Narita Airport +¥1.2 billion +¥0.4 billion

- Other sales: Increase in wholesale to Haneda international routes and regional airports driven by higher passenger volume +¥1.6 billion
- · Operating expenses: Increase in cost of sales resulting from increase in merchandise sales Higher rent revenue from increases in sales at Narita Airport and Kansai Airport duty-free stores Rise in outsourcing and other property-related expenses

+¥4.0 billion

+¥0.7 billion

+¥0.7 billion



## (3) Financial results by segment

#### 3) Food and beverage

Items	FY12 1H (Results)		FY11 1H (Results)		Change	Rate of	
		Ratio		Ratio	)	change	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Sales to external customers							
Sales from restaurants	4,305	50.1	4,020	52.5	284	7.1	
Sales from in-flight meals	2,345	27.3	2,004	26.2	340	17.0	
Other sales	889	10.4	777	10.1	112	14.5	
Subtotal	7,540	87.8	6,801	88.8	738	10.9	
Intersegment sales and transfers	1,052	12.2	856	11.2	195	22.9	
Total	8,592	100.0	7,658	100.0	934	12.2	
Operating expenses	8,482	98.7	8,174	106.7	308	3.8	
Operating income/loss	109	1.3	-516	-6.7	626	-	
(Ratio)	(1.3%)		(-6.7%)		(8.0P)		

	Initial forecast (May 2012)			
	Ratio			
Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen		
4,700	54.0	-394		
2,400	27.6	-54		
700	8.1	189		
7,800	89.7	-259		
900	10.3	152		
8,700	100.0	-107		
8,600	98.9	-117		
100	1.1	9		
(1.1%)		(0.2P)		

Sales from restaurants: Sales increase from higher domestic passenger volume

+¥0.3 billion

• Sales from in-flight meals: Increase in foreign carrier (customers) flights (recovery from downturn) and increase in sizes of planes

+¥0.3 billion

• Other sales: Increase in commissioned management of airline company lounges in the International Passenger Terminal building

+¥0.1 billion

· Operating expenses: Increase in cost of sales resulting from increase in food and beverage sales

+¥0.2 billion



## (4) Breakdown of selling, general and administrative expenses

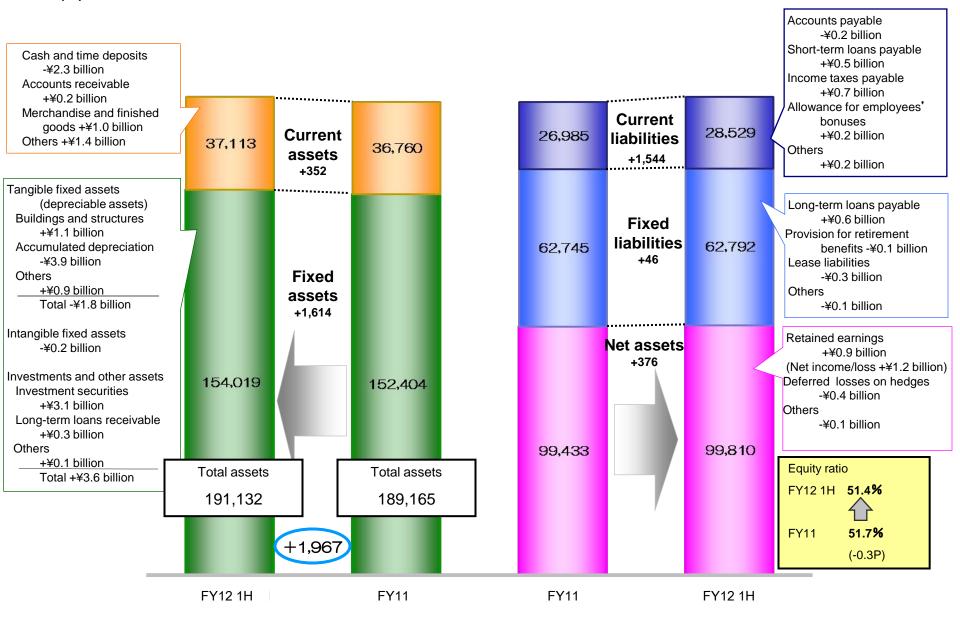
Items	FY12 1H (Results)		FY11 1H (Results)		Change	Rate of change	
		Ratio		Ratio			
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Operating revenues	69,694	100.0	62,587	100.0	7,106	11.4	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	32,540	46.7	32,476	51.9	63	0.2	
Salaries and wages	3,643	5.2	3,595	5.7	47	1.3	
Provision for employees' bonuses	909	1.3	788	1.3	121	15.4	
Provision for directors' bonuses	65	0.1	-	-	65	-	
Expenses for retirement benefits	436	0.6	463	0.7	-26	-5.8	
Rent expenses	4,324	6.2	3,819	6.1	504	13.2	
Business consignment expenses	6,924	9.9	6,396	10.2	527	8.3	
Depreciation expenses	6,341	9.1	6,685	10.7	-344	-5.1	
Other costs and expenses	9,894	14.3	10,726	17.2	-832	-7.8	

## (5) Non-operating income/expenses and extraordinary income/loss

Items	FY12 1H (Results)		FY11 1H (Results)		Change	Rate of change	
		Ratio		Ratio			
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Operating revenues	69,694	100.0	62,587	100.0	7,106	11.4	
Operating income/loss	2,577	3.7	-237	-0.4	2,814	-	
Non-operating income	948	1.4	776	1.2	172	22.3	
Interest and dividends received	232	0.4	196	0.3	35	17.9	
Miscellaneous income	716	1.0	579	0.9	137	23.7	
Non-operating expenses	975	1.4	1,319	2.1	-343	-26.1	
Interest expenses	510	0.7	553	0.9	-42	-7.8	
Equity in losses of affiliates	398	0.6	715	1.1	-317	-44.3	
Miscellaneous expenses	66	0.1	50	0.1	16	32.6	
Ordinary income/loss	2,550	3.7	-780	-1.2	3,331	-	
Extraordinary income	-	0.0	26	-	-26	-	
Extraordinary loss	119	0.2	46	0.1	72	154.9	
Income taxes	1,186	1.7	102	0.2	1,083	-	
Quarterly net income/loss	1,244	1.8	-903	-1.4	2,147	-	

(Millions of yen)

### (6) Consolidated balance sheets



## (7) Consolidated statements of cash flows

Items	FY12 1H (Results)	FY11 1H (Results)	Change	
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	
Cash flows from operating activities	6,428	10,048	-3,620	
Quarterly income before income taxes and minority interests	2,431	-800	3,231	
Depreciation and amortization	6,385	6,775	-389	
Other current assets	-1,301	2,153	-3,454	
Other current liabilities	349	2,850	-2,500	
Other fixed liabilities	-221	-1,253	1,032	
Others	-889	162	-1,052	
Income and other taxes paid	-326	160	-486	
Cash flows from investing activities	-9,227	-6,333	-2,893	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	-4,225	-3,691	-534	
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	-143	-285	142	
Others	-4,858	-2,356	-2,501	
Cash flows from financing activities	496	-6,032	6,529	
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	5,000	-	5,000	
Repayment of long-term loans payable	-3,864	-6,222	2,358	
Dividends payment	-284	-281	-2	
Others	-354	471	-825	
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	2	-0	3	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-2,298	-2,317	18	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of term	20,816	21,797	-981	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of term	18,517	19,479	-962	

## (8) Capital expenditure and depreciation expenses

Items	FY08 1H (Results)			FY11 1H (Results)	FY12 1H (Results)
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
Capital expenditure	4,646	5,722	5,940	5,183	4,270
Depreciation expenses	7,330	6,748	5,858	6,685	6,341

#### Major capital expenditure

FY12 1H (Result)

Construction of the fourth stage of the plan of Terminal 2 building ¥1.6 billion (investment ¥7.6 billion)

#### Major depreciation expenses

Items	FY08 1H (Results)	FY09 1H (Results)	FY10 1H (Results)	FY11 1H (Results)	FY12 1H (Results)
	Billions of yen				
Terminal 1	2.4	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.0
Terminal 2	2.7	2.5	2.1	3.0	2.6
International	0.7	0.7	0.3	-	-
P4 Parking	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2

#### 2. Details of Forecast of Consolidated Financial Results for FY12

#### (1) Forecast of consolidated financial results for FY12

Items	FY12 (Forecas		FY11 (Results	s)	Change	Rate of	Initial fore (May 20 <sup>2</sup>		Difference
		Ratio		Ratio	, and the second se	chang e		Ratio	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
Operating revenues	136,800	100.0	129,391	100.0	7,408	5.7	135,000	100.0	1,800
Facilities management	42,700	31.2	42,575	32.9	124	0.3	42,600	31.5	100
Merchandise sales	79,000	57.8	72,941	56.4	6,058	8.3	77,200	57.2	1,800
Food and beverage	15,100	11.0	13,874	10.7	1,225	8.8	15,200	11.3	-100
Cost of sales	68,000	49.7	63,673	49.2	4,326	6.8	66,900	49.6	1,100
Cost of sales of merchandise	59,100	43.2	55,228	42.7	3,871	7.0	57,900	42.9	1,200
(Ratio <sup>*1</sup> )	(74.8%)		(75.7%)		(-0.9P)		(75.0%)		(-0.2P)
Cost of sales of food and beverage	8,900	6.5	8,444	6.5	455	5.4	9,000	6.7	-100
(Ratio <sup>*2</sup> )	(58.9%)		(60.9%)		(-2.0P)		(59.2%)		(-0.3P)
Gross profit	68,800	50.3	65,718	50.8	3,081	4.7	68,100	50.4	700
Selling, general and administrative expenses	65,000	47.6	64,841	50.1	158	0.2	64,300	47.6	700
Operating income	3,800	2.7	877	0.7	2,922	-	3,800	2.8	-
Non-operating income/expenses	-600	-0.4	-700	-0.6	100	-	-800	-0.6	200
Ordinary income	3,200	2.3	176	0.1	3,023	-	3,000	2.2	200
extraordinary income/loss	-100	-0.1	-534	-0.4	434	-	-	-	-100
Net income/loss	1,400	1.0	-2,614	-2.0	4,014	-	1,400	1.0	-

<sup>※</sup> Preconditions: Forecast of number of passengers

Haneda domestic (full-year) +4.3% YoY Haneda international (full-year) +8.8% YoY Narita international (full-year) +10.1% YoY Kansai international (full-year) +11.0% YoY

Note: Figures shown are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

<sup>\*</sup> Ratio\*1: Cost of sales of merchandise/Operating revenues of merchandise Ratio\*2: Cost of sales of food and beverage / Operating revenues of food and beverage

### (2) Financial results by segment

#### 1) Facilities management

Items	FY12 (Forecasts)		FY11 (Results)		Change	Rate of	
		Ratio		Ratio	,	change	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Sales to external customers							
Rent revenue	13,300	29.8	14,169	31.8	-869	-6.1	
Facility user charges revenue	15,700	35.1	15,416	34.6	283	1.8	
Other revenues	13,700	30.6	12,988	29.0	711	5.5	
Subtotal	42,700	95.5	42,575	95.4	124	0.3	
Intersegment sales and transfers	2,000	4.5	2,038	4.6	-38	-1.9	
Total	44,700	100.0	44,613	100.0	86	0.2	
Operating expenses	41,500	92.8	43,303	97.1	-1,803	-4.2	
Operating income	3,200	7.2	1,310	2.9	1,889	144.2	
(Ratio)	(7.2%)		(2.9%)		(4.3P)		

Initial fored (May 201	Difference	
	Ratio	Difference
Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen
13,400	30.0	-100
15,900	35.7	-200
13,300	29.8	400
42,600	95.5	100
2,000	4.5	-
44,600	100.0	100
41,600	93.3	-100
3,000	6.7	200
(6.7%)		(0.5P)

• Rent revenue: Return of office space in the domestic terminal building by airline companies, etc.

+¥0.3 billion

• Facility user charges revenue: Increase in PFC from higher domestic passenger volume

+¥0.3 billion

-¥0.8 billion

 Other revenues: Revenue increase from commissioned management of facilities in the International Passenger Terminal Revenue increase from opening of "First Cabin," a compact hotel in domestic Terminal 1 building Revenue increase from higher passenger volume

+¥0.2 billion +¥0.2 billion

## (2) Financial results by segment

#### 2) Merchandise sales

Items	FY12 (Forecasts)		FY11 (Result	s)	Change	Rate of change	
		Ratio		Ratio		change	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Sales to external customers							
Domestic terminal stores	31,200	39.2	29,445	40.1	1,754	6.0	
International terminal stores	17,400	21.8	13,280	18.1	4,119	31.0	
Other sales	30,400	38.2	30,215	41.1	184	0.6	
Subtotal	79,000	99.2	72,941	99.3	6,058	8.3	
Intersegment sales and transfers	600	0.8	543	0.7	56	10.4	
Total	79,600	100.0	73,485	100.0	6,114	8.3	
Operating expenses	75,200	94.5	69,130	94.1	6,069	8.8	
Operating income	4,400	5.5	4,354	5.9	45	1.0	
(Ratio)	(5.5%)		(5.9%)		(-0.4P)		

	Initial forecast (May 2012)			
	Ratio			
Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen		
31,500	40.5	-300		
16,500	21.2	900		
29,200	37.7	1,200		
77,200	99.4	1,800		
500	0.6	100		
77,700	100.0	1,900		
73,100	94.1	2,100		
4,600	5.9	-200		
(5.9%)		(-0.4P)		

• Sales at domestic terminal stores: Sales increase and other developments from higher domestic passenger volume Sales increase from opening of new stores in the Haneda Terminal 1 building +¥1.3 billion +¥0.4 billion

• Sales at international terminal stores: Sales increase from a rise in passenger volume at Narita Airport

+¥2.6 billion

Sales increase and other developments from conversion of Kansai Airport boutiques to direct management

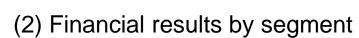
Sales increase and other developments from conversion of Kansai Airport boutiques to direct management

+¥3.3 billion
Sales decrease at Haneda International Terminal stores -¥0.5 billion
Sales decrease as a result of Senkaku Islands territorial dispute -¥1.3 billion

Other sales: Decrease in wholesale revenues from conversion of Kansai Airport boutiques to direct management
 Decrease in wholesale revenues from decline in transactions at Haneda Airport
 Sales decrease as a result of Senkaku Islands territorial dispute
 Increase in wholesale revenues from a rise in international passenger volume at Haneda Airport
 Increase in wholesale revenues to regional airports

-¥2.2 billion -¥0.7 billion -¥0.4 billion +¥1.5 billion

+¥1.7 billion



#### 3) Food and beverage

Items	FY12 (Forecasts)		FY11 (Results)		Change	Rate of	
		Ratio		Ratio	,	change	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	
Sales to external customers							
Sales from restaurants	8,500	49.7	8,253	52.8	246	3.0	
Sales from in-flight meals	4,800	28.1	4,145	26.5	654	15.8	
Other sales	1,800	10.5	1,475	9.5	324	22.0	
Subtotal	15,100	88.3	13,874	88.8	1,225	8.8	
Intersegment sales and transfers	2,000	11.7	1,758	11.2	241	13.7	
Total	17,100	100.0	15,633	100.0	1,466	9.4	
Operating expenses	16,900	98.8	16,424	105.1	475	2.9	
Operating income/loss	200	1.2	-791	-5.1	991	-	
(Ratio)	(1.2%)		(-5.1%)		(6.3P)		

	Initial forecast (May 2012)			
	Ratio			
Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen		
9,000	52.9	-500		
4,800	28.3	-		
1,400	8.2	400		
15,200	89.4	-100		
1,800	10.6	200		
17,000	100.0	100		
16,900	99.4	-		
100	0.6	100		
(0.6%)		(0.6P)		

• Sales from restaurants: Sales increase from higher domestic passenger volume

+¥0.2 billion

• Sales from in-flight meals: Increase in foreign carrier (customers) flights (recovery from downturn) and increase in sizes of planes

+¥0.6 billion

• Other sales: Increase in commissioned management of airline company lounges in the International Passenger Terminal building

+¥0.3 billion

#### 3. Others

### (1) Capital expenditure and depreciation expenses

Items	FY07 (Results)	FY08 (Results)	FY09 (Results)	FY10 (Results)	FY11 (Results)
	Millions of yen				
Capital expenditure	9,656	14,789	12,567	13,413	8,140
Depreciation expenses	15,157	15,106	13,598	13,217	13,954

FY12 (Forecasts) Millions of yen 8,480

Major capital expenditure

FY11 (results)

Renewal construction of Terminal 1 building

¥3.3 billion (investment amount ¥7.0 billion)

Construction of the fourth stage of the plan of Terminal 2 building

¥1.2 billion (investment amount ¥7.6 billion)

Renewal construction of ACC calcinator

¥0.7 billion (investment amount ¥1.8 billion)

Renewal construction of security equipment at Terminal 1

¥0.6 billion

(Total ¥5.8 billion)

FY12 (forecasts)

Construction of the fourth stage of the plan of Terminal 2 building

¥3.2 billion (investment amount ¥7.6 billion)

Renewal construction of ACC calcinator

¥0.7 billion (investment amount ¥1.8 billion)

Renewal construction of security equipment at Terminal 1

¥0.7 billion

Plan of diversion of Sakura House

¥0.6 billion

(Total ¥5.2 billion)

#### Major depreciation expenses

Items	FY07 (Results)	FY08 (Results)	FY09 (Results)	FY10 (Results)	FY11 (Results)
	Billions of yen				
Terminal 1	5.4	5.1	4.6	4.1	4.4
Terminal 2	6.5	5.5	4.9	5.6	6.1
International	0.9	1.6	1.4	0.3	-
P4 Parking	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.6

FY12
(Forecasts)
Billions of yen
4.2
5.2
-
0.5



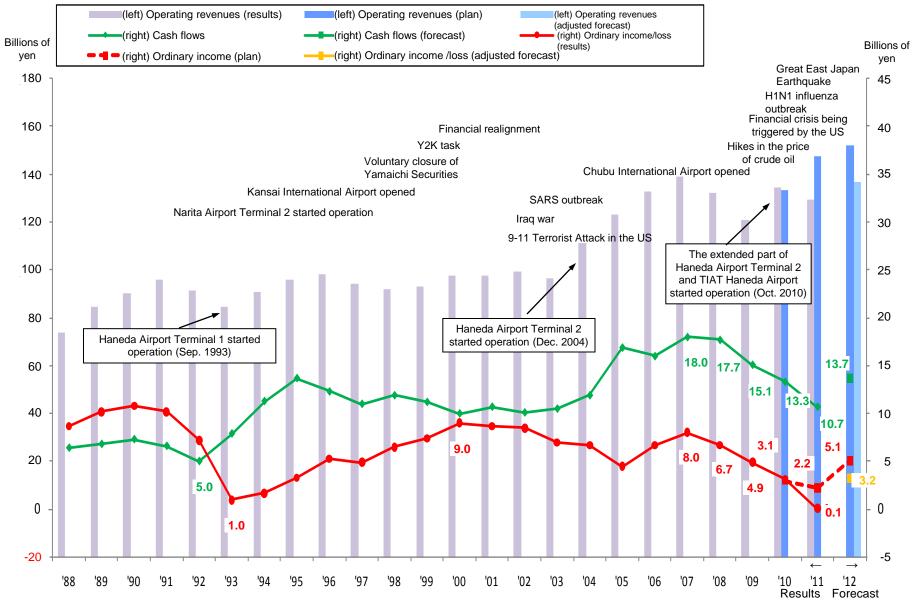
## (2) Progress situation of Medium-term Business Plan (FY10-FY12)

Period of Medium-term Business Plan

		(Billions of yen)								
Items	FY10 (Plan)	FY10 (Results)	Change	FY11 (Plan)	FY11 (Results)	Change		Y12 Plan)	FY12 (Forecast)	Change
Operating revenues	133.4	134.7	1.3	147.4	129.3	-18.1		152.1	136.8	-15.3
Facilities management	40.8	42.0	1.2	44.0	42.5	-1.5		44.2	42.7	-1.5
Merchandise sales	77.0	78.1	1.1	85.1	72.9	-12.2		88.7	79.0	-9.7
Food and beverage	15.6	14.5	-1.1	18.3	13.8	-4.5		19.2	15.1	-4.1
Operating income	4.2	4.1	-0.1	4.2	0.8	-3.4		6.3	3.8	-2.5
Ordinary income	3.0	3.1	0.1	2.2	0.1	-2.1		5.1	3.2	-1.9
Net income/loss	1.3	0.9	-0.4	0.7	-2.6	-3.3		2.5	1.4	-1.1
Capital expenditure	21.7	13.4	-8.3	8.0	8.1	0.1		10.0	8.4	-1.6
Depreciation expenses	13.6	13.2	-0.4	14.6	13.9	-0.7		13.3	12.8	-0.5

Note: Figures of Medium-term Business Plan announced in May 2010

## (3) Operating revenues/ordinary income/cash flows



# Earnings Explanatory Meeting April 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012

## **Reference Material**

- 1. Overview and Characteristics of Japan Air Terminal (JAT)'s Business
- 2. Efforts Related to the Tokyo International Airport Re-expansion Project
- 3. Changes in Passenger Volume on Domestic and International Flights

<sup>\*</sup> This document has been translated from the Japanese original, for reference purposes only.

In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.



Japan Airport Terminal Co.,Ltd.

http://www.tokyo-airport-bldg.co.jp/

#### Overview and Characteristics of Japan Air Terminal (JAT)'s Business

#### (1) JAT's position at each airport

Airport	Haneda Airport (Tokyo International Airport)	Narita Airport  (Narita International Airport)  Kansai Airport  (Kansai International Airport)		Central Japan Airport (Central Japan International Airport)	Itami Airport (Osaka International Airport)	
Responsible party	National government	Narita International Airport	New Kansai International	Central Japan International	New Kansai International	
Management party	(Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism)	Corporation	Airport Company, Ltd.	Airport Co., Ltd.	Airport Company, Ltd	
Airport facilities (basic facilities) Runways Taxiways Aprons	National government (Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism)	Narita International Airport Corporation	New Kansai International Airport Company, Ltd	Central Japan International Airport Co., Ltd.	New Kansai International Airport Company, Ltd	
Control facilities		National government (Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism)				
	Domestic: JAT International: Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation (TIAT)	Narita International Airport Corporation	New Kansai International Airport Company, Ltd.	Central Japan International Airport Co., Ltd.	Osaka International Airport Terminal Co., Ltd.	
Shareholder composition	Private corporations, etc.: 100%	National government: 100%	National government: 100%	Private corporations, etc.: 50% National government: 40% Local governments: 10%	Local governments: 50% Private corporations, etc.: 50%	

Source: Created based on the Suji De Miru Koku 2012 (Air Travel 2012 in Figures) and securities reports and the websites of the various companies

#### (Reference) Basic position of terminal building companies

 Operators of the airport facilities Runways, taxiways and aprons:

Installed and managed by national government, local governments, and Narita/New Kansai/Central Japan

airport companies

Terminal buildings and cargo terminals: Constructed, owned, and managed by private corporations, third sector bodies, and airport companies, etc. Constructed, owned, and managed by private corporations and airline companies

Maintenance area:

JAT has been designated as an Airport Facilities Operator\* by the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism pursuant to Article 15, Paragraph 1 of the Airport Act.

\*Enterprise that constructs or manages airport facilities (passenger or cargo handling facilities or aircraft refueling facilities necessary for an airport to perform its functions).

Relationship with airline companies

JAT leases facilities such as check-in counters and offices.

Relationship with merchandise stores, restaurants, and service stores

JAT leases store/office space to the passenger terminal building companies which open their own stores, or to the tenants of airlinerelated companies. Those companies need filings to operate sales at the airports.

### (2) Company History

1953 (July)

Haneda Airport was re-launched as Japanese air gateway after being returned by the U.S. in 1952. However, on account of a lack of financial resources after the war, only the costs for paving the taxiway and apron were included in the national budget. Therefore, it was decided to build the terminal with private funds (cabinet approved), and in 1953 the Company was founded with the cooperation of major financial institutions (with capital 150 million yen), and the terminal was opened in May 1955.

	(July)	Established with private sector capital of 150 million yen.
1955	(May)	The terminal building opened and launched operation.
1964	(April)	Separate domestic arrival terminal building completed in time with the Tokyo Olympic Games.
	(October)	Duty-free sales operations commenced.
1978	(May)	Commenced merchandise sales including duty-free articles, hotel reservation services
	(11.67)	and other operations with the opening of Narita International Airport.
1990	(February)	Listed on second section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
1991	(September)	,
1993	(September)	
1994	(September)	
	(00)	accompanying opening of the Kansai Airport.
1998	(March)	The temporary international terminal at Haneda Airport started operation.
2001	(February)	International charter flights commenced at Haneda Airport.
2002	(April)	Terminated periodic international flights from Haneda Airport (transfer of China Airlines
	,	and the EVA Airways to Narita).
2003	(November)	International charter flights between Haneda and Seoul (Gimpo) commenced.
2004	(December)	Terminal 2 at Haneda Airport started operation.
2005	(February)	Wholesale of duty-free goods commenced with the opening of Central Japan International
		Airport.
2006	(April)	Participated in the project of the maintenance and operation of terminal at international
		flight area of the Tokyo International Airport.
	(June)	Invested in the special purpose company (SPC) "Tokyo International Air Terminal
		Corporation."
2007	(February)	South Pier in Terminal 2 at Haneda Airport started operation.
	(September)	0 ( 01 1 /
		commenced.
	(December)	P4 multi-story simple parking lot completed construction and started operation.
2008	(April)	International charter flights between Haneda and Hong Kong commenced (during specific
		hours).
2009	(April)	Designated as an Airport Facilities Operator under the revised Airport Act.
	(October)	International charter flights between Haneda and Beijing commenced.
2010	(August)	P4 multi-story parking main building started operation (full-scale operation scheduled in
	(0 ( )	October).
	(October)	The extended part of Terminal 2, Haneda Airport started operation.
		The new International Passenger Terminal (TIAT) started operation.
2014	(lonuoru)	Closure of the temporary International Passenger Terminal Building, end of P5 operation
2011	(January) (November)	Established Japan Airport Terminal Trading (Chengdu) Co.,Ltd.  Renewal of Terminal 1 building, Haneda Airport completed.
	(140verriber)	Nonewar of Terrimar Edulating, Flameda Airport completed.

Established with private sector capital of 150 million yen.



Haneda Airport Terminal when opened



Haneda Airport Terminal 1



Haneda Airport Terminal 2

### (3) The Group's business expansion at each airport

#### Haneda Airport (Tokyo International Airport)

#### Terminal 1

(area under management: 292,400m<sup>2</sup>)



Started operation in September 27, 1993

- Construction, management, and operation of terminal buildings
- Real estate leasing
- Merchandise sales (direct management)
- Food and beverage services (direct management)
- Passenger services
- Preparation/sales of in-flight meals

#### (area und

(area under management: 245,100m<sup>2</sup>)



Started operation in December 1, 2004
South Pier started operation in February 15, 2007
The extended part of Terminal 2 started operation in October 13, 2010

#### Started Operation in Deptember 27, 1999

## International Passenger Terminal (constructed and managed by Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation)



Started operation in October 21, 2010

#### Business under contract

- Facilities maintenance/management
- duty-free store operation, etc.
- Passenger services

· Commissioned management of

duty-free stores

Wholesale

Merchandise sales

- Wholesale and merchandise sales
- Food and beverage services

#### **Parking lots**

**Terminal 2** 



## Management of parking lots (total of 4,776 spots)

- P1 parking lot
- 2,351 spots
- P4 parking lot

#### 2,331 spots 2,425 spots

#### Central Japan International Airport





Wholesale

#### Chengdu Shuangliu International Airport (China)



- Merchandise sales
- Wholesale

#### Narita International Airport Kansai International Airport



- Merchandise sales (duty-free stores, etc.)
- Wholesale (duty-free items, general items), commissioned management of duty-free stores
- Food and beverage service
- Passenger services
- Preparation/sales of in-flight meals

## (4) Group companies (15 companies)

#### Facilities management operations (6 companies)

[Maintenance and management]

• Japan Airport Techno Co., Ltd. Maintenance management of facilities such as airport terminals

Haneda Airport Security Co., Ltd.
 Security service and management of parking area

• Sakura Clean Corporation Operation of airport cleaning center and waste deposal

[Service]

BIG WING Co., Ltd. Advertising and event planning
 Haneda Passenger Service Co., Ltd. Passenger service operations

• Japan Airport Ground Handling Co., Ltd. Ground handling operation at Haneda Airport

#### Merchandise sales operations (5 companies)

• International Trade Inc. Retail and wholesale of general merchandise and bonded goods to stores at domestic airports

• Japan Airport Logitem Co., Ltd. Logistics, including transportation and inspection

• Japan Airport Terminal Trading Merchandise sales and wholesale operations at Chengdu Shuangliu International Airport

(Chengdu) Co., Ltd. (Sichuan Province, China)

• Haneda Airport Enterprise Co., Ltd. Operation of stores at Haneda Airport and Narita International Airport

• Hamashin Co., Ltd. Retail and wholesale of marine products

#### Food and beverage operations (4 companies)

• Tokyo Airport Restaurant Co., Ltd. Restaurant business and production/sales of snacks at Haneda Airport and Narita International

Airport and operation of paid waiting rooms and conference rooms at Haneda Airport

• Cosmo Enterprise Co., Ltd. In-fight catering for foreign airlines such as American Airlines, British Airways, Singapore Airlines,

Cathay Pacific Airways, China Airlines, Virgin Atlantic Airways, Emirates Airline, Qatar Airways leaving Haneda Airport and Narita International Airport, and production of frozen foods, etc.

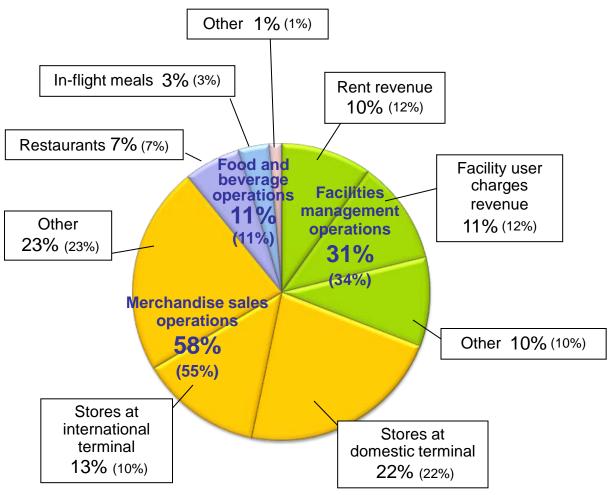
• CTT Inc. Cleaning of airline cabin items and dishware, etc.

• Kaikan Kaihatsu Co., Ltd. Operation of restaurants and the management of lodgings, halls, and conference rooms, etc.

- In January 2011, the Company established Japan Airport Terminal Trading (Chengdu) Co., Ltd., (capital 85 million yen, investment ratio 100.0%) as a subsidiary specializing in merchandise sales and wholesale operations at Chengdu Shuangliu International Airport (Sichuan province, China).
- In July 2011, BIG WING Co., Ltd. merged with its consoildated subsidiary Hiro International Co., Ltd.

## (5) Composition of the Group businesses(consolidated, by segment / results for the first half of FY12)

#### **Composition of sales**



<sup>\*</sup>Figures in parenthesis are results for the first half of FY11.

## (6) Revenue composition (consolidated, by segment)

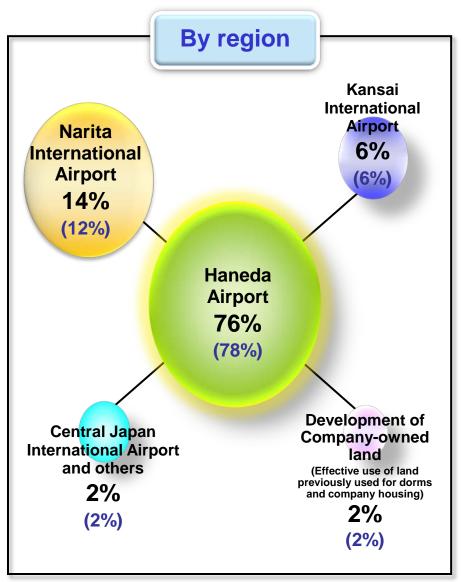
Category		Revenue details	Expenses details
	Rent revenue	Office lease (fixed rent); store lease (fixed rent + percentage commission)	Depreciation; water, heating, energy expenses; repairs expenses; lease fee (such
Facilities management operations	Facility user charges revenue	User charges for common facilities of domestic flights from airline companies; Fees for use of passenger facilities (domestic flights: PFC	as national property usage fee); taxes and public charges; cleaning expenses; outsourcing fees
Others		Parking fee revenue, advertising revenue; sales from paid waiting room (Airport Lounge); revenue from subcontracted work	Lease fee (such as national property usage fee); taxes and public charges (fixed asset tax); outsourcing fees
	Stores at domestic terminal	Merchandise sales for stores at Haneda Airport	Cost of sales; supply expenses
Merchandise sales operations	Stores at international terminal	Merchandise sales for lobby stores at Haneda Airport Merchandise sales for stores such as duty-free stores at Narita International Airport	Cost of sales; supply expenses; percentage of business
operations	Others	Wholesale to Haneda Airport, Narita International Airport, Kansai International Airport, and Central Japan International Airport Commissioned management fee of Haneda Airport, Narita International Airport, and Kansai International Airport	Cost of sales and agent service fee
	Restaurants	Restaurant sales at Haneda Airport and Narita International Airport	Food expenses (cost of sales for food and beverage), percentage of business
Food and beverage operations	In-flight meals	Production and sales of in-flight meals	Food expenses (cost of sales for food and beverage)
	Others	Wholesale of products such as frozen foods and box meals	Food expenses (cost of sales for food and beverage)

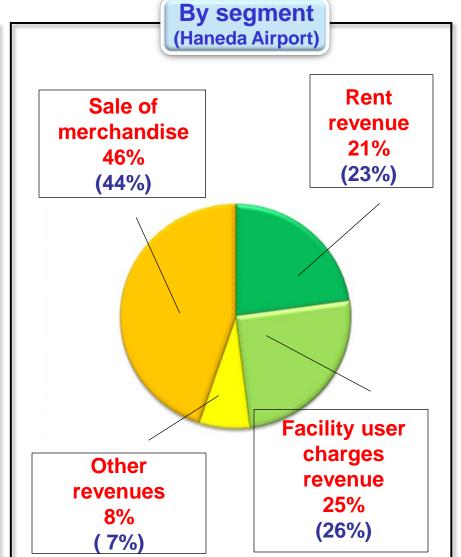
Factors behind changes in earnings: Environment the airline industry operates in (such as changes in the number of passengers on both international and domestic flights)

> Government measures, etc. (such as the government's and regulating authority's airport management policy and revisions to and changes to the system of usage fees for national assets) Changes in facility user charges (domestic flights)

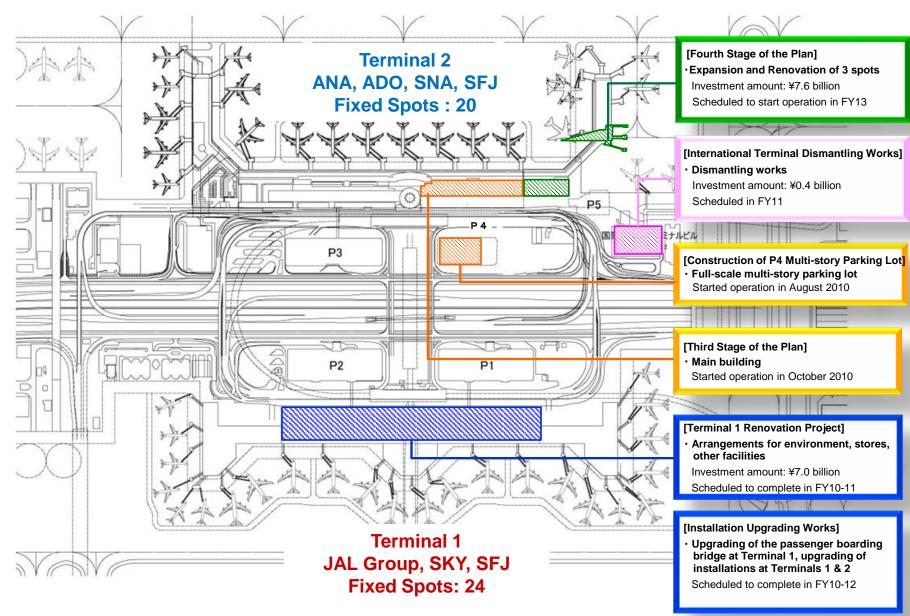
(7) Sales by region and segment (Non-consolidated)

Upper figure: actual results for the first half of FY12 (Lower figure): actual results for the first half of FY11



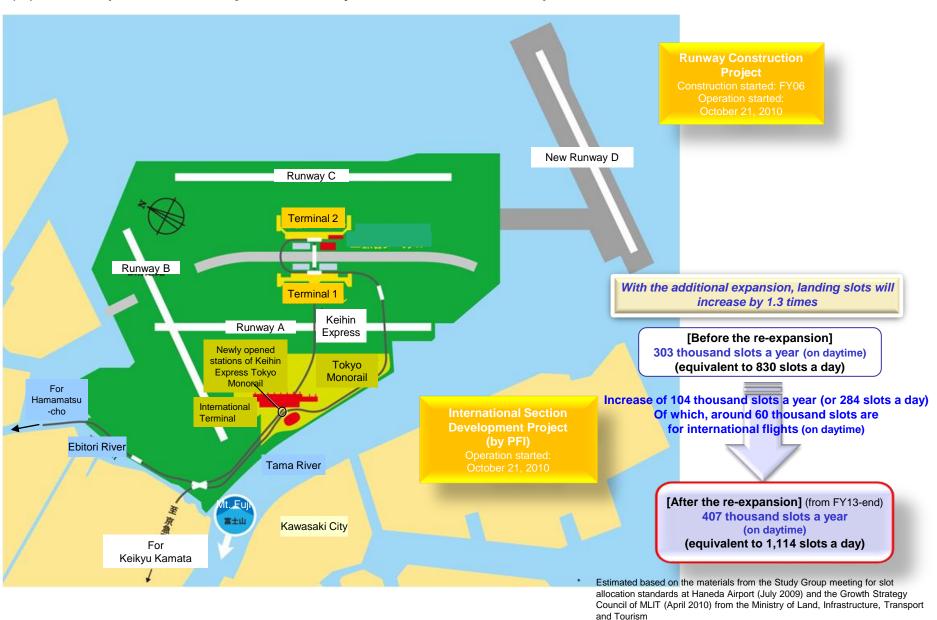


### (8) Facilities of Tokyo International Airport (Investment plan)



### 2. Efforts Related to the Tokyo International Airport Re-expansion Project

(1) Re-expansion Project of Tokyo International Airport



## (2) Founding and present state of the Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation

April 21, 2006	"HKT Group", represented the Company, was selected as the candidate for the project
June 1, 2006	HKT Group concluded basic agreement with the Japanese government
June 20, 2006	The special purpose company, Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation was founded
July 7, 2006	Business agreement was concluded between the Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation and the Japanese government
October 21, 201	0 Placed in operation

June 2011	Revised agreement on the maintenance and management of the terminal building in the international section of the Tokyo International Airport was concluded between Tokyo International Airport was concluded by the International Airport was concluded by the International Airport was concluded by th	\ir
April 2012	Publicly invited bids to perform passenger terminal building and other expansion work	
	<ul> <li>Terminal Building (4 sections)</li> <li>1. Main building</li> <li>2. Main building, satellite</li> <li>3. Satellite</li> <li>4. Satellite</li> </ul>	
July 2012	Expansion of multi-story parking (1 section)  Conclusion of authorstragt agreement for expansion of passenger.	
July 2012	Conclusion of subcontract agreement for expansion of passenger terminal building and other areas	
	Terminal Building     Main building: Toigni Corporation	
	<ol> <li>Main building: Taisei Corporation</li> <li>Main building, satellite: Taisei Corporation</li> <li>Satellite: Takenaka Corporation</li> <li>Satellite: Takenaka Corporation</li> </ol>	
	Expansion of multi-story parking : Taisei Corporation	
November 2012	Expansion work started	
March 2014 (plan	n) Start provisional use	
October 2014 (pla	an) Started full-scale use	

1.	Company Name	Tokyo International Air Terminal Corporation	
2.	Date Founded	June 20, 2006	
3.	Headquarters Location	Haneda Airport, Ota-ku, Tokyo	
4.	Capital	9.0 billion yen	
5.	Businesses	Maintenance and management of the terminal building in the international section of Tokyo International Airport	
6.	Representative	Masashi Sakurai, President (previously Vice President of Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd.)	
7.	Composition of Shareholders	Japan Airport Terminal Co., Ltd. (38.78%) Japan Airlines Corporation (19.36%) All Nippon Airways Co., Ltd. (19.36%) Narita International Airport Corporation Tokyo Electric Power Company, Inc. (3.5%) SECOM Co., Ltd. (3.0%) Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. (3.0%) NTT Data Corporation (1.5%) Keihin Electric Express Railway Co., Ltd. (2.0%) Tokyo Monorail Co., Ltd. (2.0%) Development Bank of Japan Inc. (1.0%) Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd. (1.0%) Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd. (1.0%)	
8.	Corporate Philosophy	As the gateway to the nation's capital, Tokyo, we will endeavor to continue providing cutting-edge terminal facilities and services to customers from across the world and thus contribute to the development of the international aviation network.	

#### (3) Summary of the New International Terminal

#### **Summary of facilities**

Site area: approx. 130,000m<sup>2</sup>

Terminal building

Floor space: approx. 159,000m<sup>2</sup> (including water supply and waste disposal facilities)

Floors: 5 floors Fixed spots: 10 spots

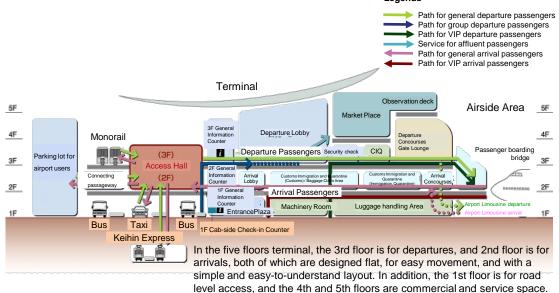
(10 open spots)

Parking lot

Total floor space: approx. 67,000m<sup>2</sup> Floors: 6 levels, 7 floors

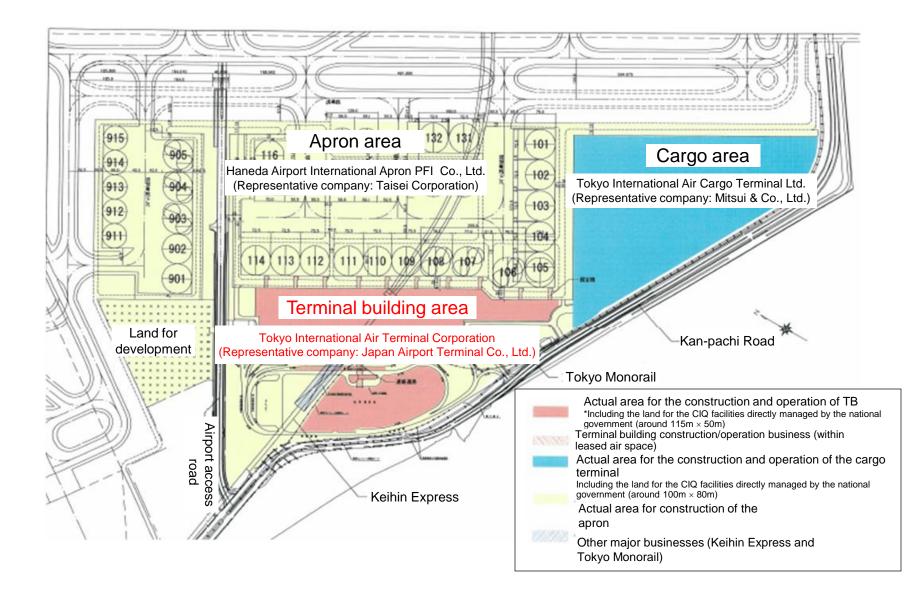
Capacity: approx. 2,300 vehicles



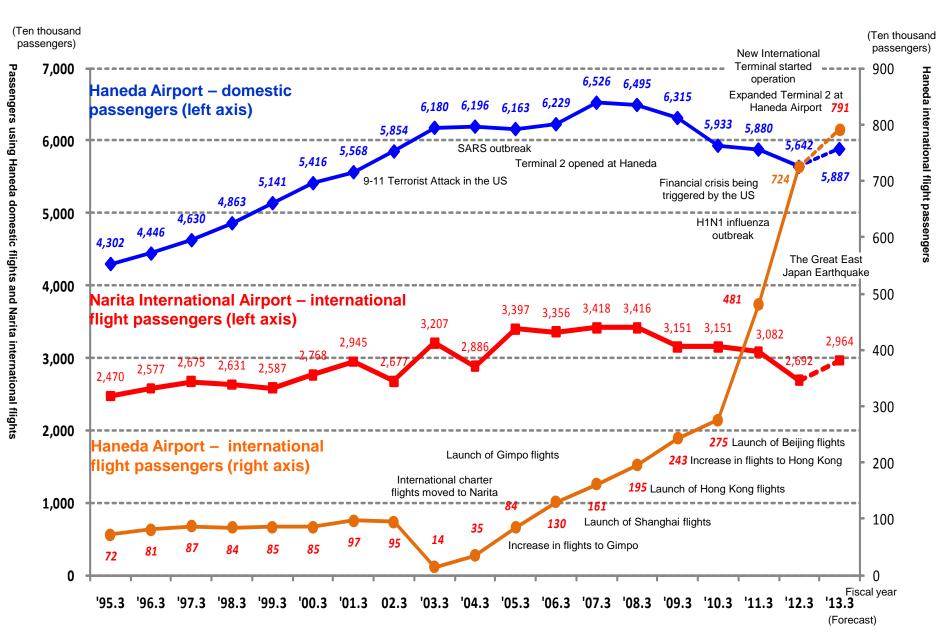




#### (4) Overall layout of the new International area



#### 3. Changes in Passenger Volume on Domestic and International Flights (Haneda and Narita)



#### **Notes regarding projections**

Items such as plans, targets, policies, strategies, decisions, financial forecasts, future figures and monetary amounts in this presentation that is not historical data are projections of the future. These are based on management's projections, assumptions, evaluations, judgments, and conditions on information obtainable at the present time. Realizing these items entail uncertainty and various risks and uncertainty.

This presentation material is not intended to solicit investments. We requests you to make own decision regarding investments.

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